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PHYSIQUE STATISTIQUE,
MAGNETISME ET
SUPRACONDUCTIVITE

Local spectroscopy at low temperature of disordered superconducting systems

Thomas DUBOUCHET

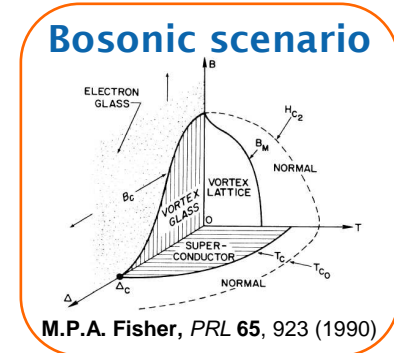
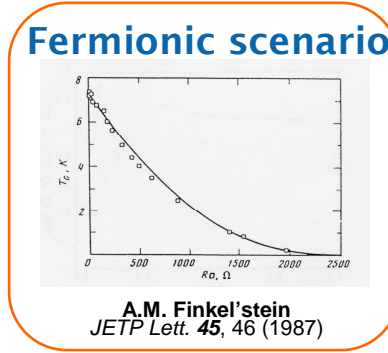
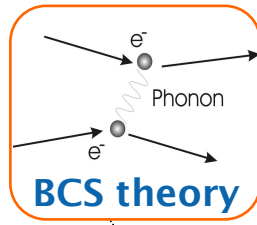
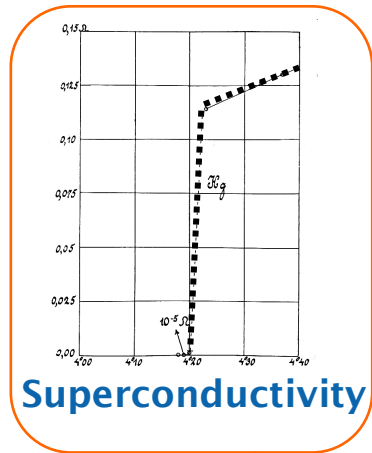
October 11th 2010

Advisors : Claude Chapelier & Marc Sanquer

Quantum Electronic Transport and Superconductivity Laboratory



Disorder & superconductivity : milestones



Anderson theorem

Anderson localization

Localization vs. Superconductivity

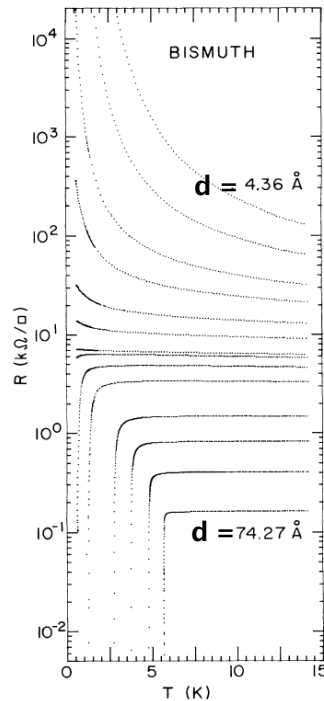


A. Kapitulnik, G. Kotliar, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **54**, 473, (1985)
 M. Ma, P.A. Lee, *Phys. Rev. B* **32**, 5658, (1985)
 G. Kotliar, A. Kapitulnik, *Phys. Rev. B* **33**, 3146 (1986)

M.V. Sadovskii, *Phys. Rep.*, **282**, 225 (1997)
 A. Ghosal *et al.*, *PRL* **81**, 3940 (1998) ; *PRB* **65**, 014501 (2001)
 M. Feigel'man *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **98**, 027001 (2007) ; *Ann.Phys.* **325**, 1390 (2010)

Superconductor to insulator quantum phase transition (SIT)

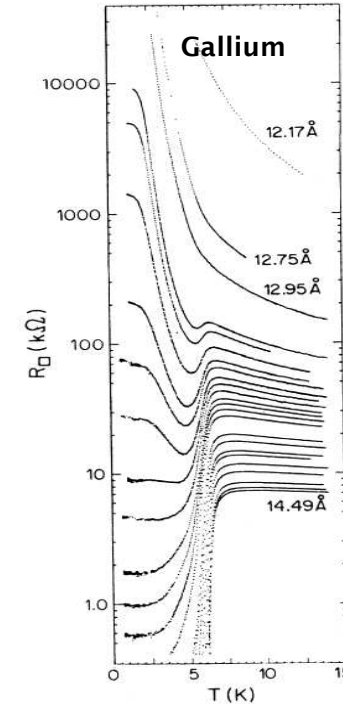
Amorphous films



D.B. Haviland, Y. Lui, A.M. Goldman, *PRL* 62, 2180 (1989)

- Continuous decrease of T_c
- Cooper pairing suppressed at the SIT

Granular films



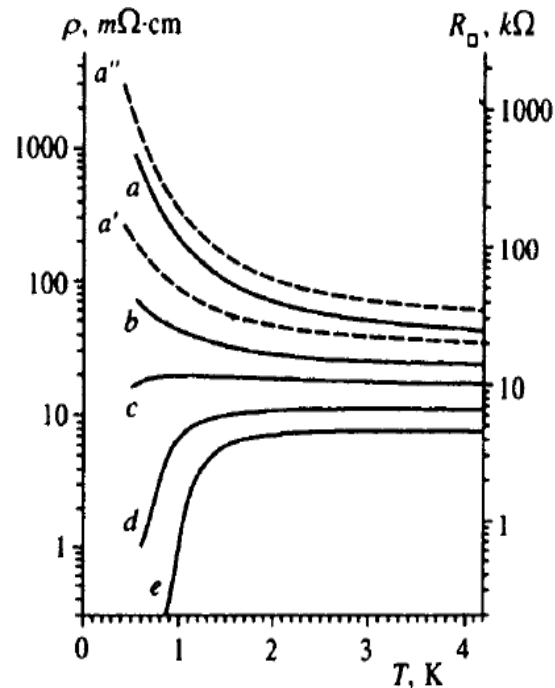
H. M. Jaeger, et al. *Phys.Rev.B* 34, 4920 (1986)

- Competition between E_C and E_J
- Cooper pairs localized in grains

$$\psi = |\psi| e^{i\phi}$$

Fermionic
Bosonic

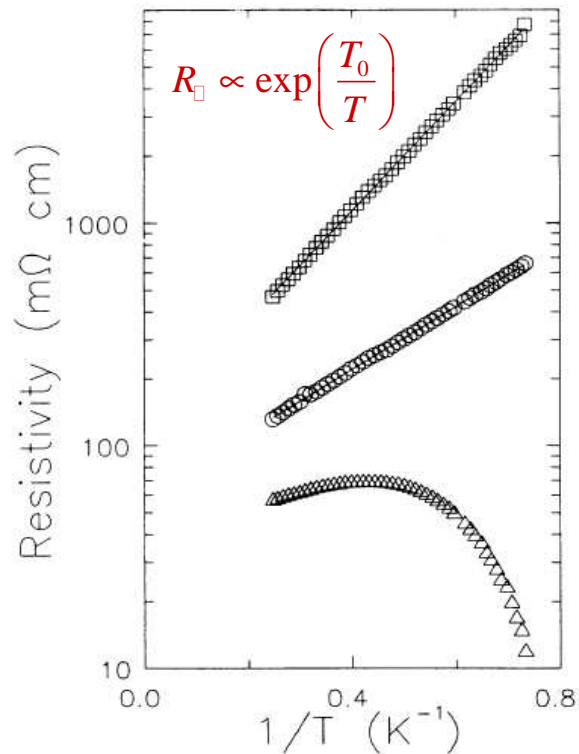
Disorder-tuned SIT in Amorphous Indium Oxide films (InO_x)



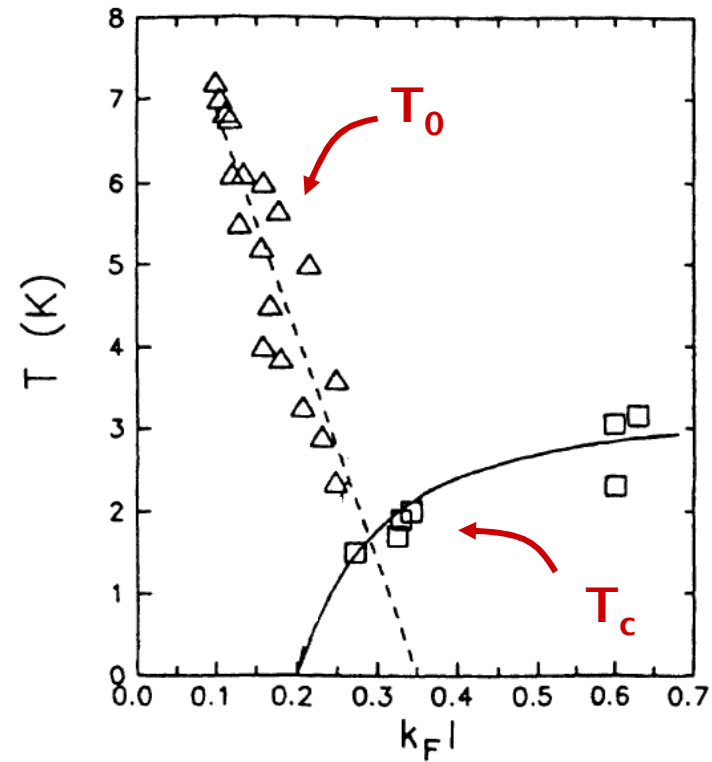
V. F. Gantmakher *et al.*, *JETP* 82, 951 (1996)

➤ Homogeneously disordered a- InO_x → progressive reduction of T_c

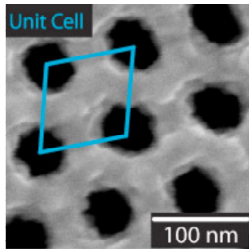
Activated behavior and localized superconductivity



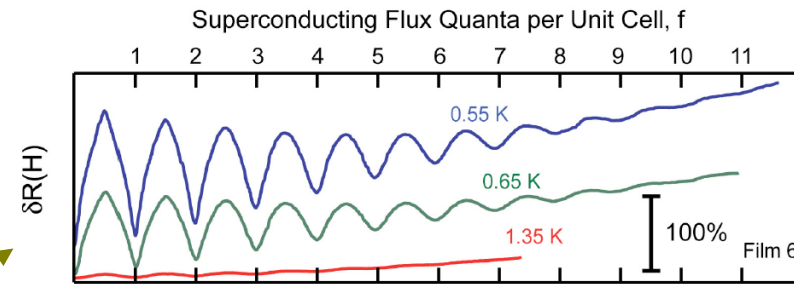
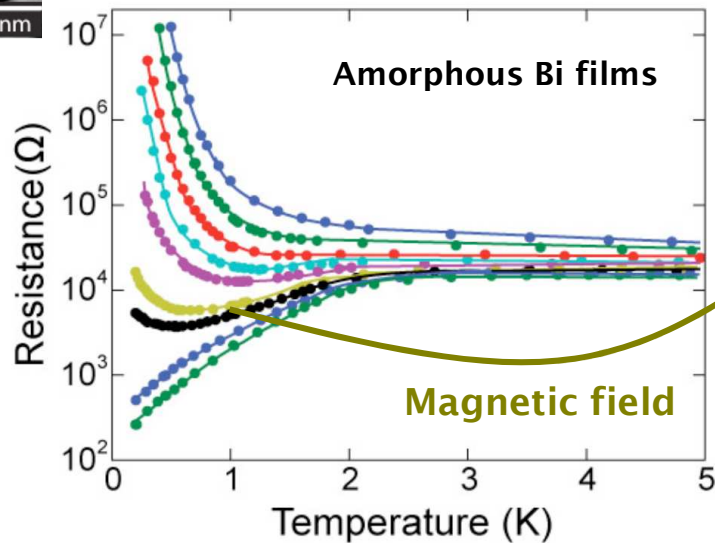
D. Shahar and Z. Ovadyahu, *Phys. Rev. B* 46, 10917 (1992)



- Superconductivity survives in the localized regime
- T_0 : gapped insulator? Superconductivity related?
- Continuity between T_0 and T_c



Magneto-resistance oscillations with half-flux periodicity



Period: $H_M = h/2eS \rightarrow 2e$ charge carriers
 ($S =$ unit cell area)

Stewart, Jr., M. D., Yin, A., Xu, J. M., Valles, Jr., J. M., *Science* **318**, 1273, (2007)

➤ Transport measurements give only indirect evidence for the existence of localized Cooper-pairs...

Transport measurements & theories
suggest the possible
Quantum localization of Cooper-pairs

A need to probe electronic properties
at a local scale

⇒ *Scanning Tunneling Spectroscopy*

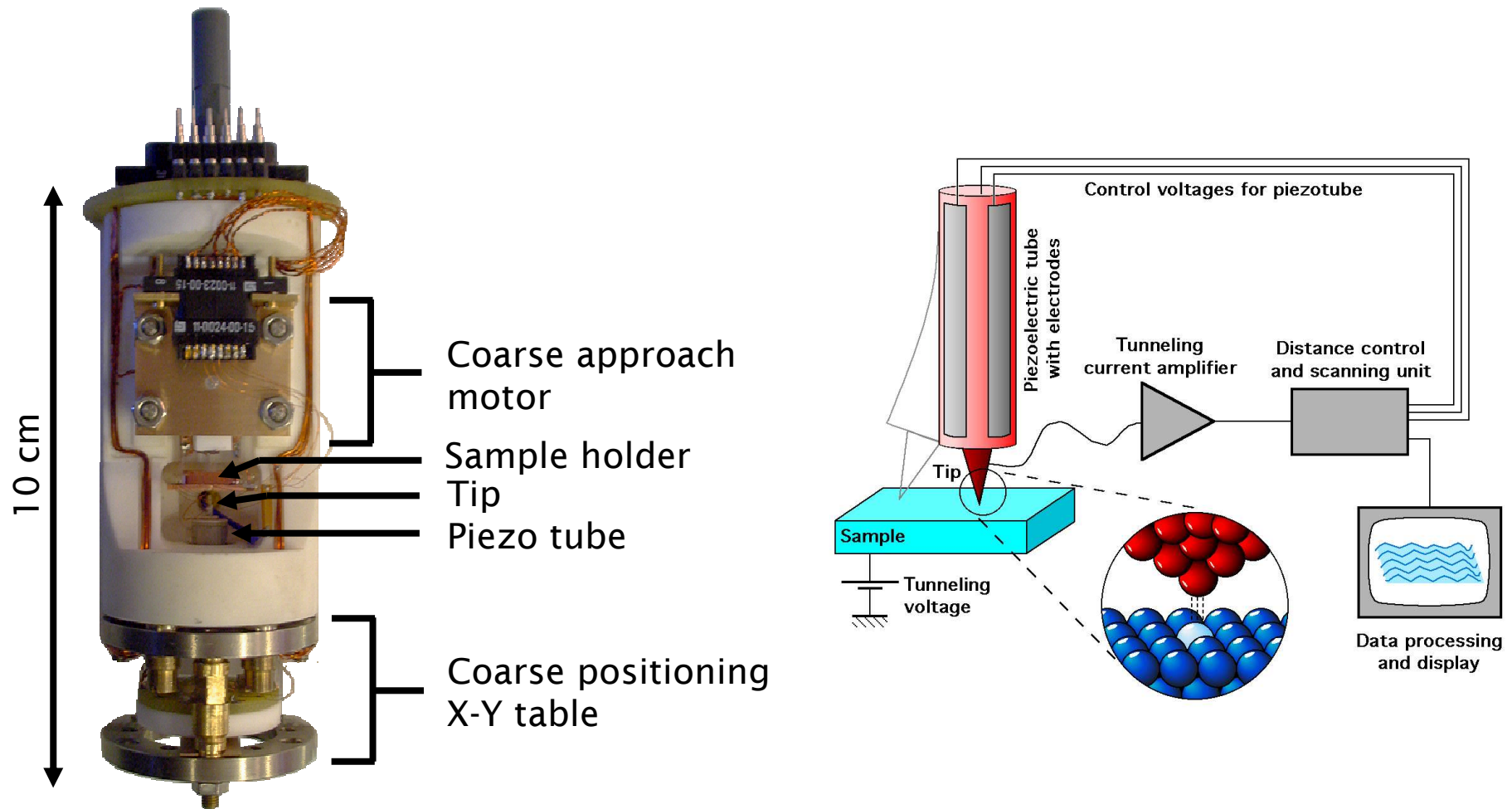
I. Experimental techniques

II. Localized Cooper pairs in $a\text{-InO}_x$

III. Coherence energy in $a\text{-InO}_x$

I.1 Experimental setup

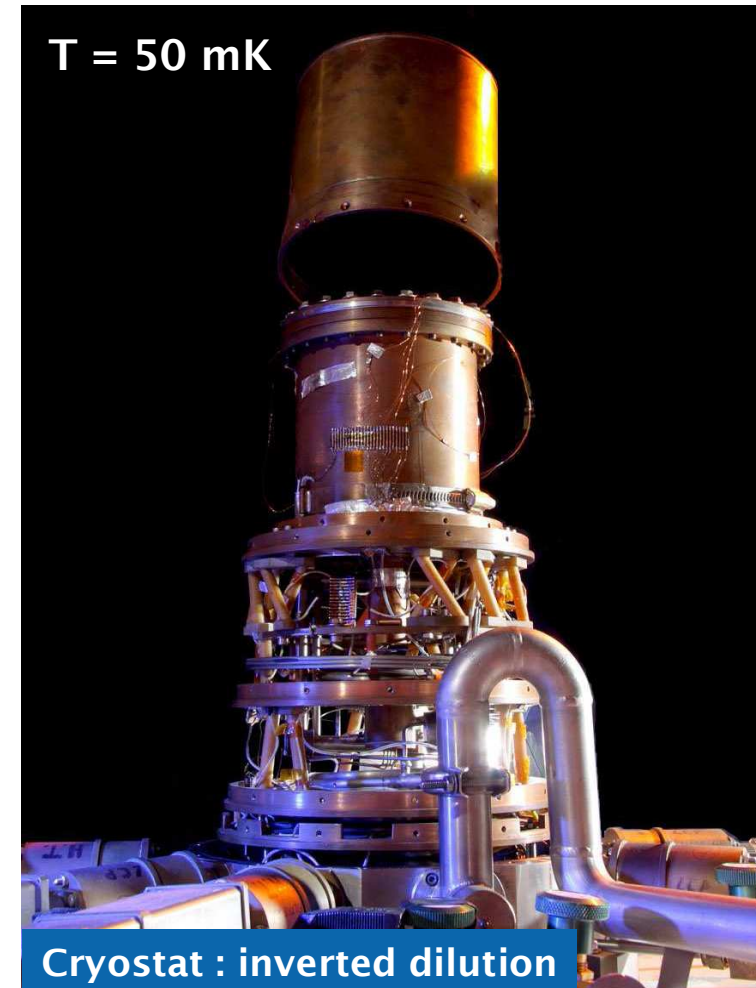
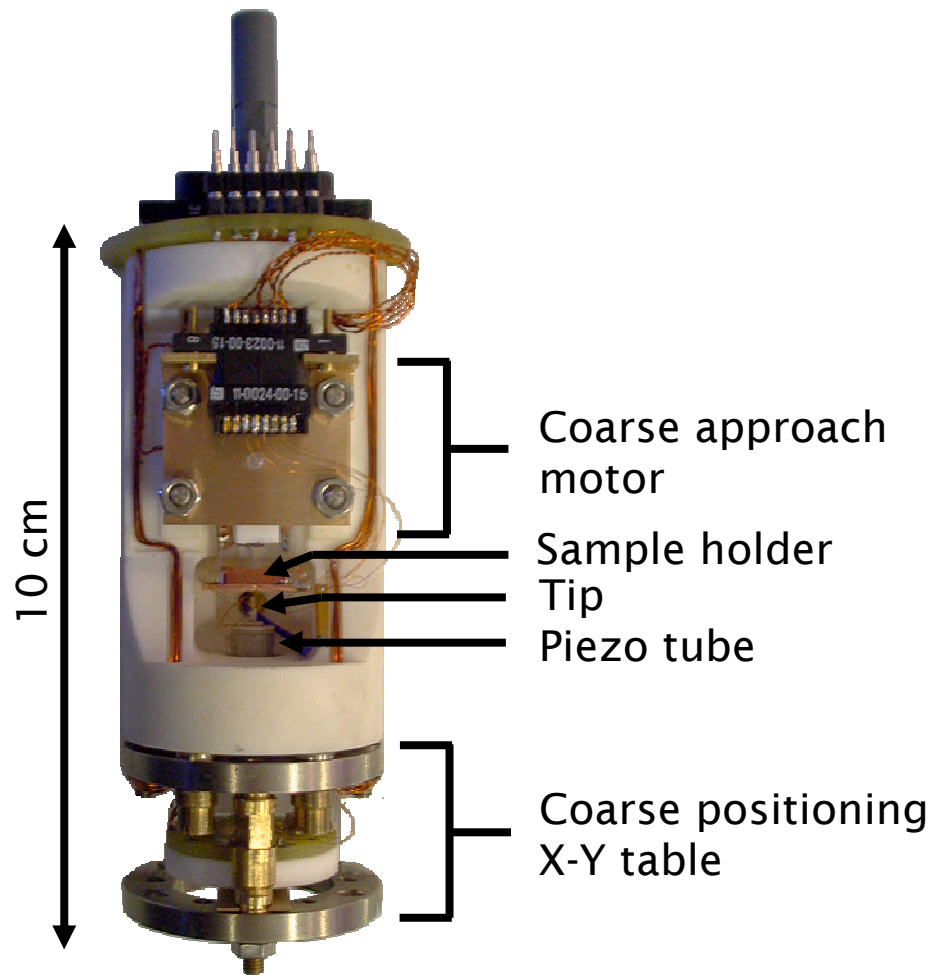
Very-low temperature Scanning Tunneling Microscope



➤ Combined transport & spectroscopy measurements

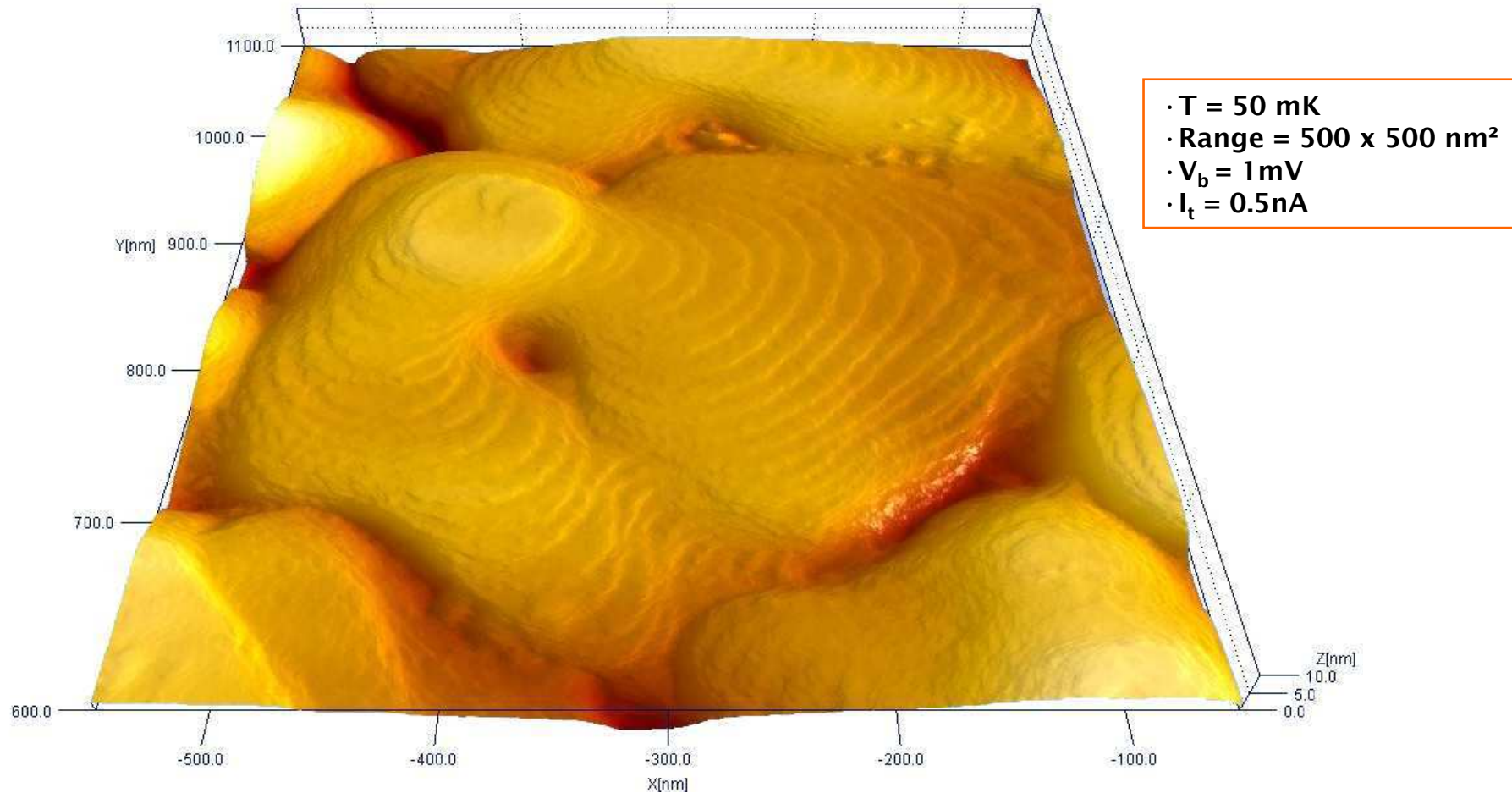
I.1 Experimental setup

Very-low temperature Scanning Tunneling Microscope



➤ Combined transport & spectroscopy measurements

Topographic image of epitaxial Rhenium

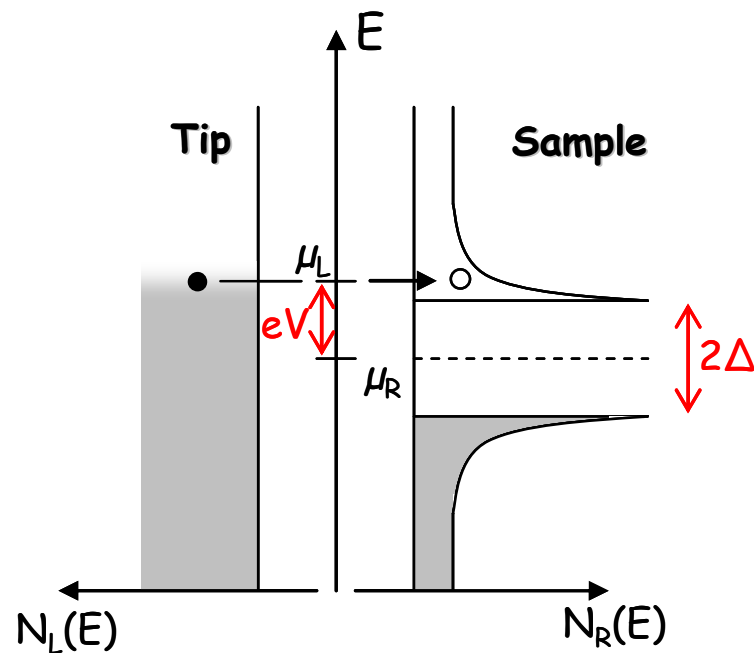


Scanning range: $30 \times 30 \mu\text{m}^2$ ($T=300\text{K}$) --- $3 \times 3 \mu\text{m}^2$ ($T=50\text{mK}$)

Tunneling spectroscopy

Measurement of the Density-Of-States (DOS)

$$G(V) = \frac{dI}{dV} \propto \int d\varepsilon N_s(\varepsilon) \left(-\frac{\partial f_T(\varepsilon + eV)}{\partial V} \right)$$



$N_s(\varepsilon)$: density of states of the sample

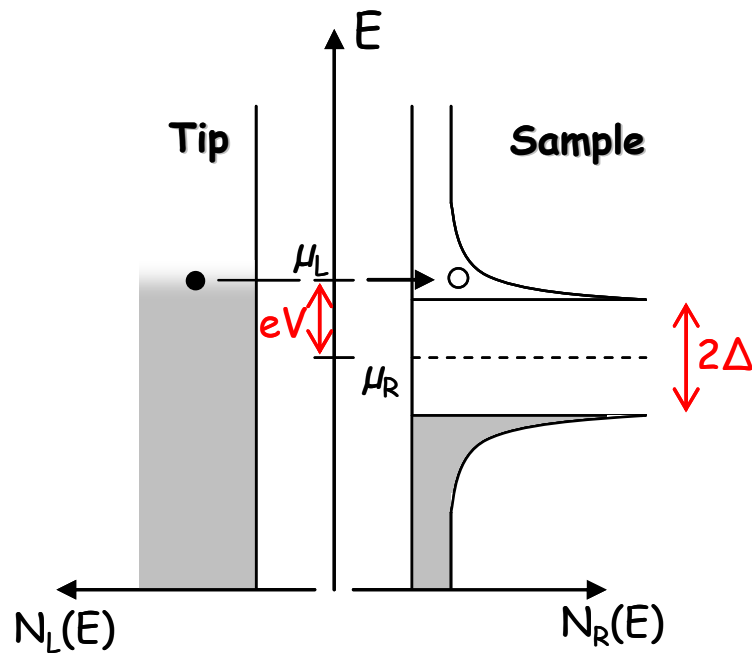
$f_T(\varepsilon)$: Fermi-Dirac distribution

$\Delta(T)$: superconducting gap

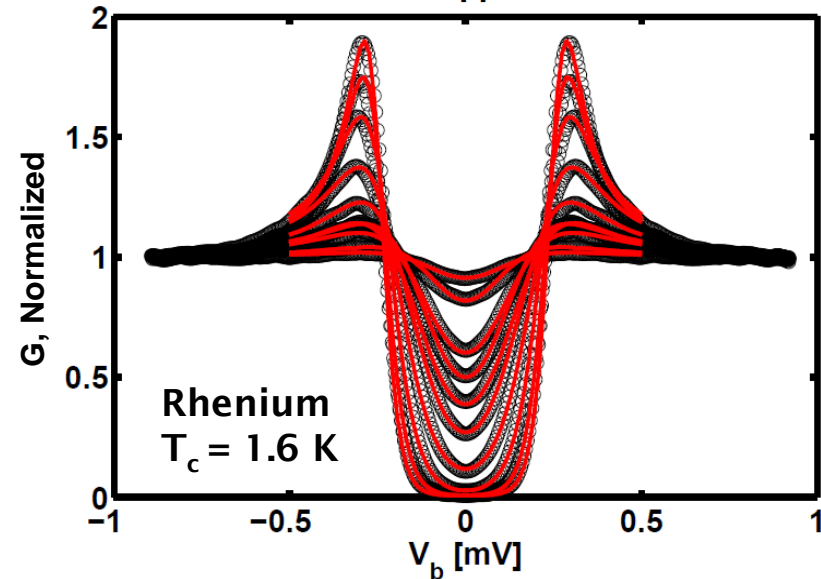
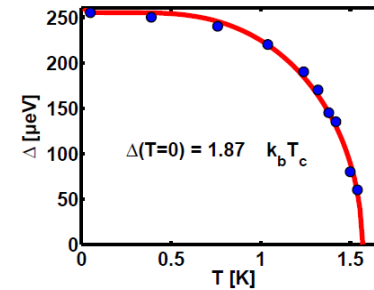
Tunneling spectroscopy

Measurement of the Density-Of-States (DOS)

$$G(V) = \frac{dI}{dV} \propto \int d\varepsilon N_s(\varepsilon) \left(-\frac{\partial f_T(\varepsilon + eV)}{\partial V} \right)$$



Resolution $\approx 70 - 90 \mu\text{eV}$

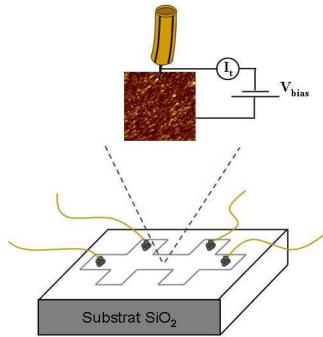


I. Experimental techniques

II. Localized Cooper pairs in a-InO_x

III. Coherence energy in a-InO_x

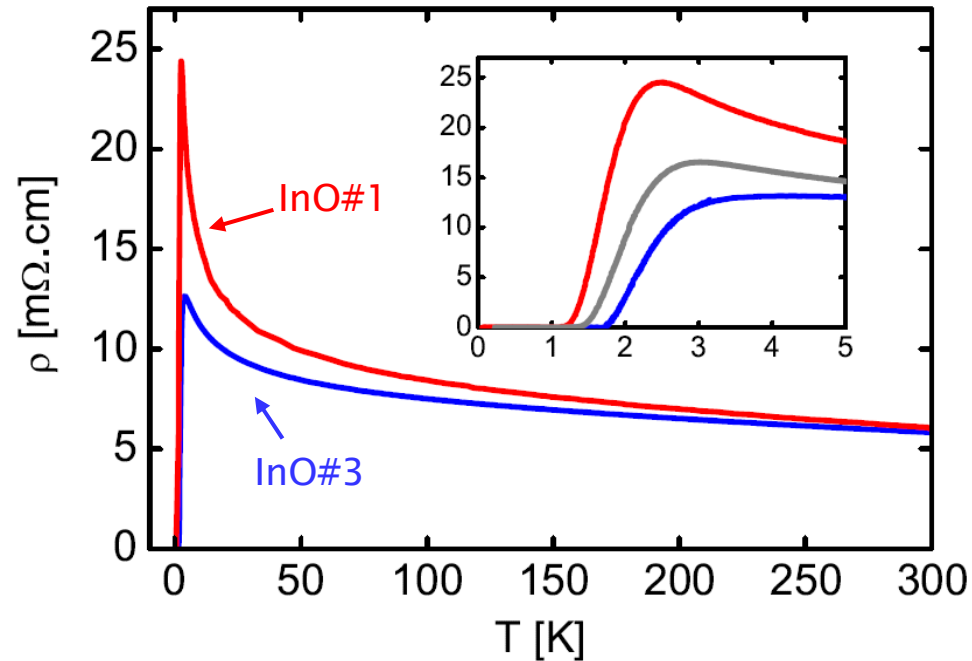
II.1 Superconducting inhomogeneities



Amorphous Indium Oxide

Transport Measurements

Thickness : 15 nm (red & grey) and 30 nm (bleu) - 3D regime



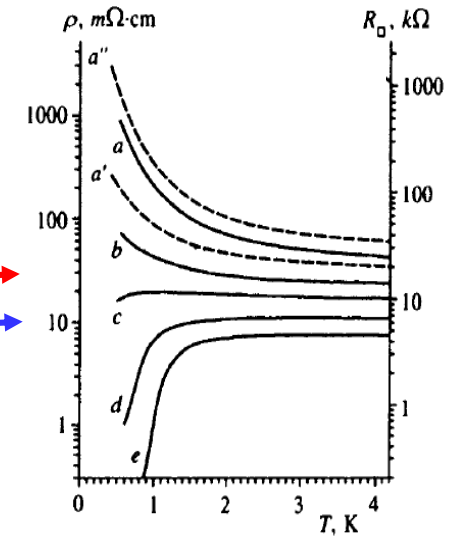
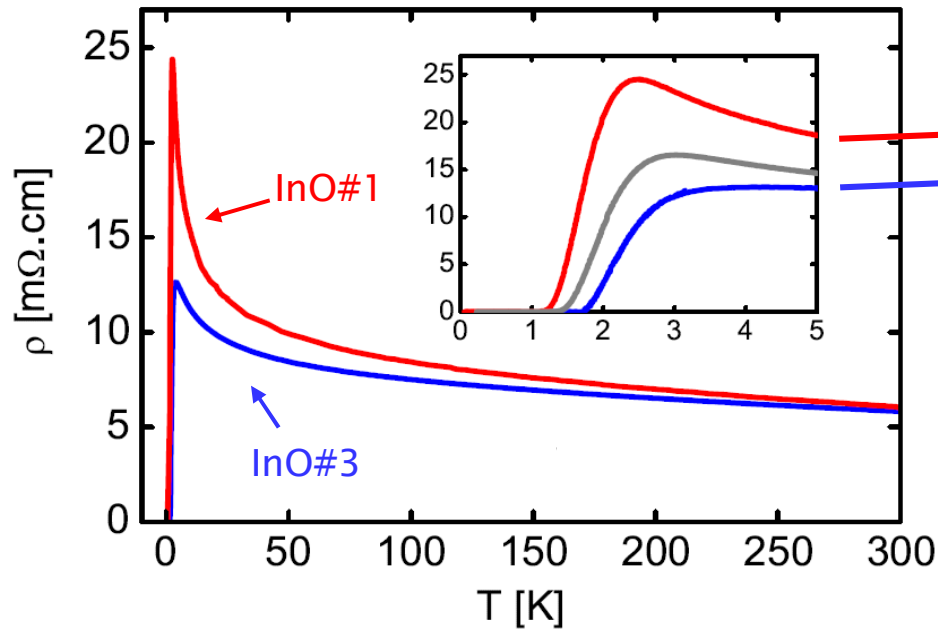
Samples: e-gun evaporation of high purity In_2O_3 onto Si/SiO₂ substrate under O₂ pressure

D. Shahar, Weizmann Institute of Science

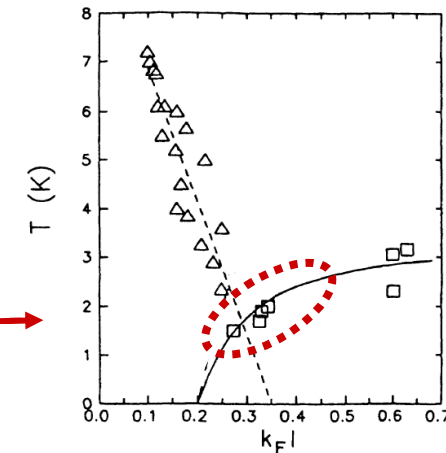
II.1 Superconducting inhomogeneities

Nearly critical samples

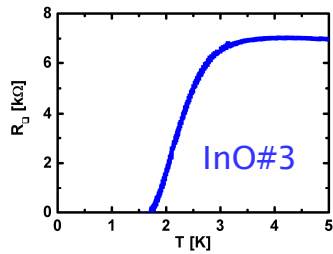
High disorder (red) and low disorder (bleu)



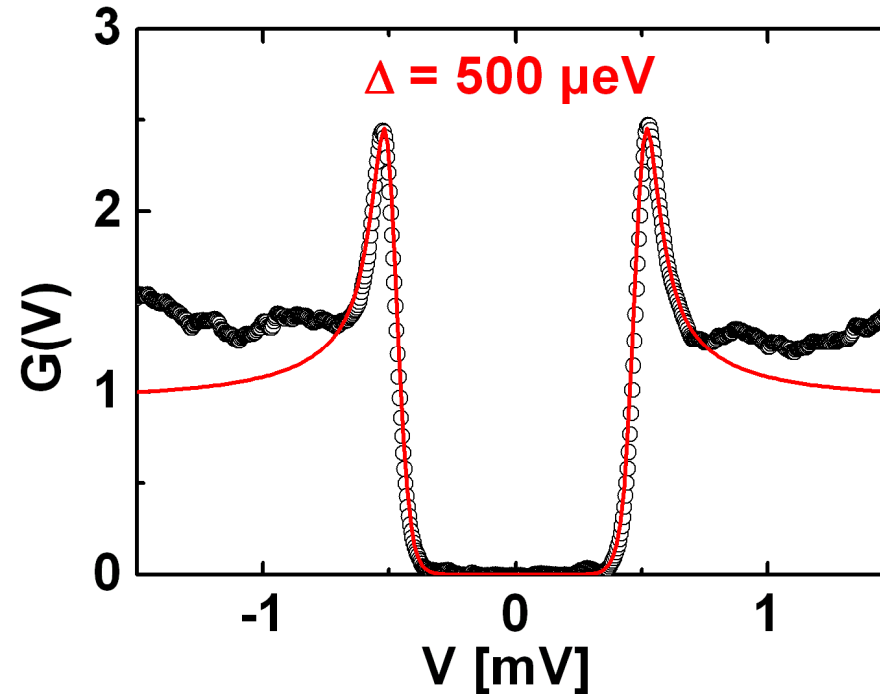
- $k_F l_e \sim 0.4-0.5 < 1 \rightarrow$ localized regime (Ioffe-Regel criterion)
- T_c comprised between 1K and 2K
- Carrier density : $N = 3.5 \times 10^{21} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
- Fermi vector k_F ; Elastic mean free path l_e



II.1 Superconducting inhomogeneities



Typical spectrum measured at 50 mK

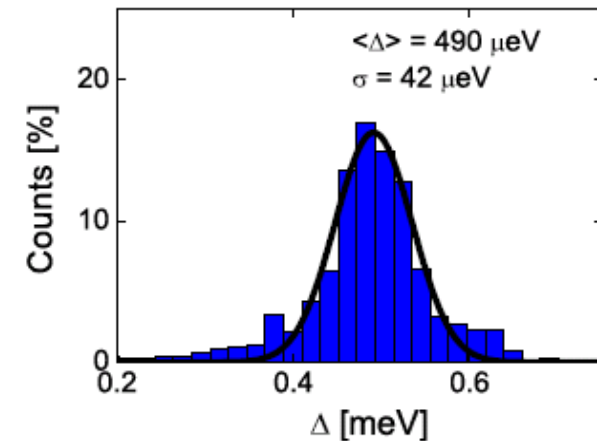
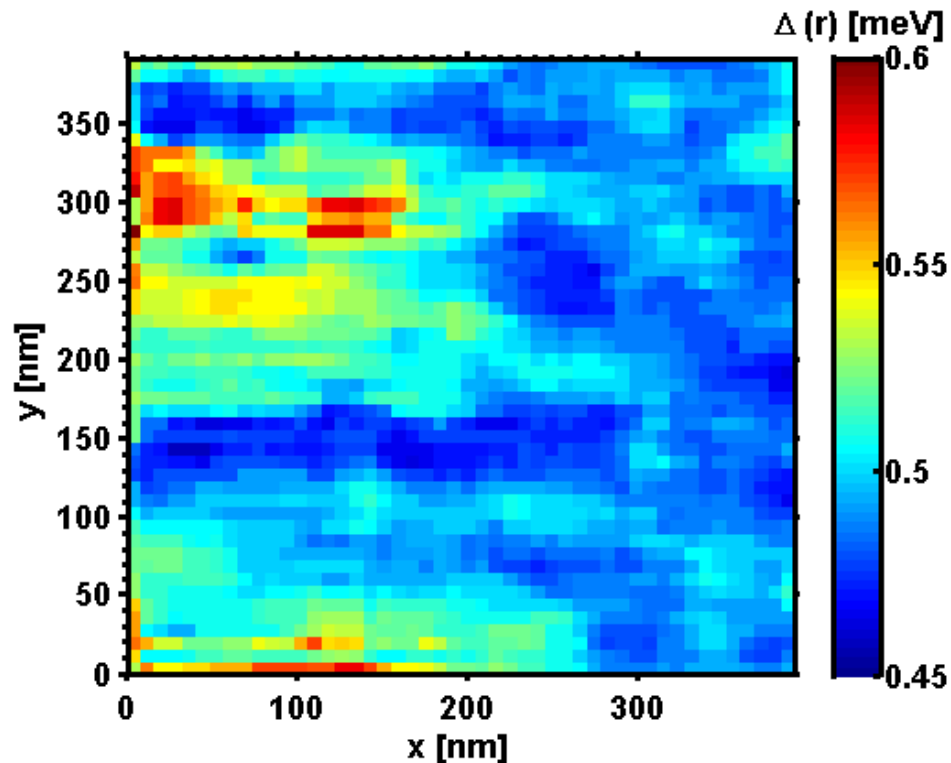


Fit : s-wave BCS density of states

➤ Absence of quasi-particle excitations at low energies

Spatial fluctuations of the spectral gap $\Delta(r)$

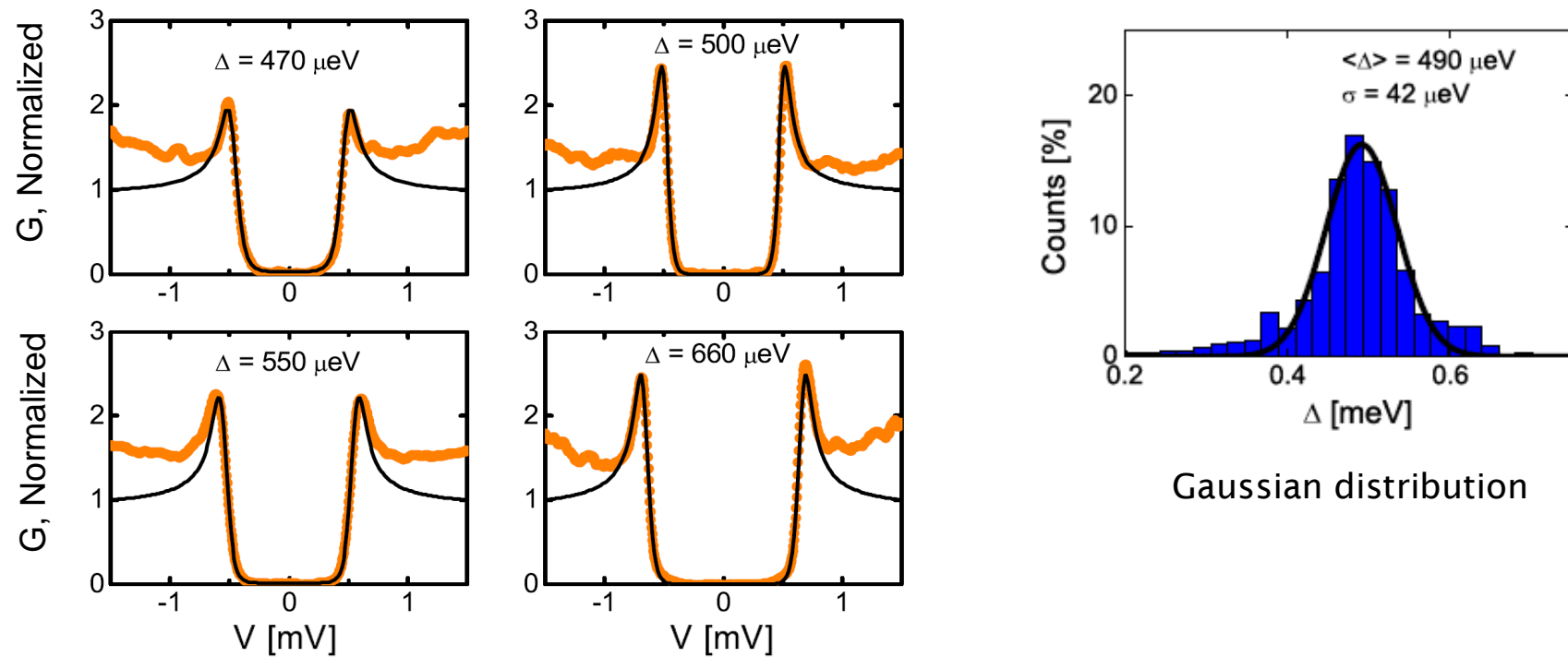
Map of the spectral gap



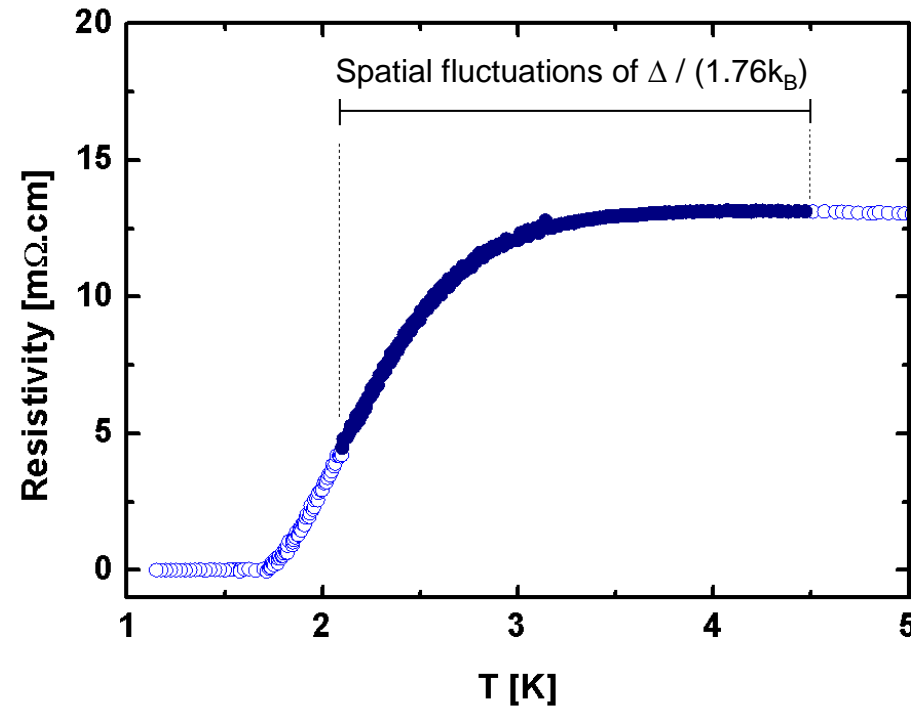
Gaussian distribution

Spatial fluctuations of the spectral gap $\Delta(r)$

Spectra measured at different locations (T=50mK)

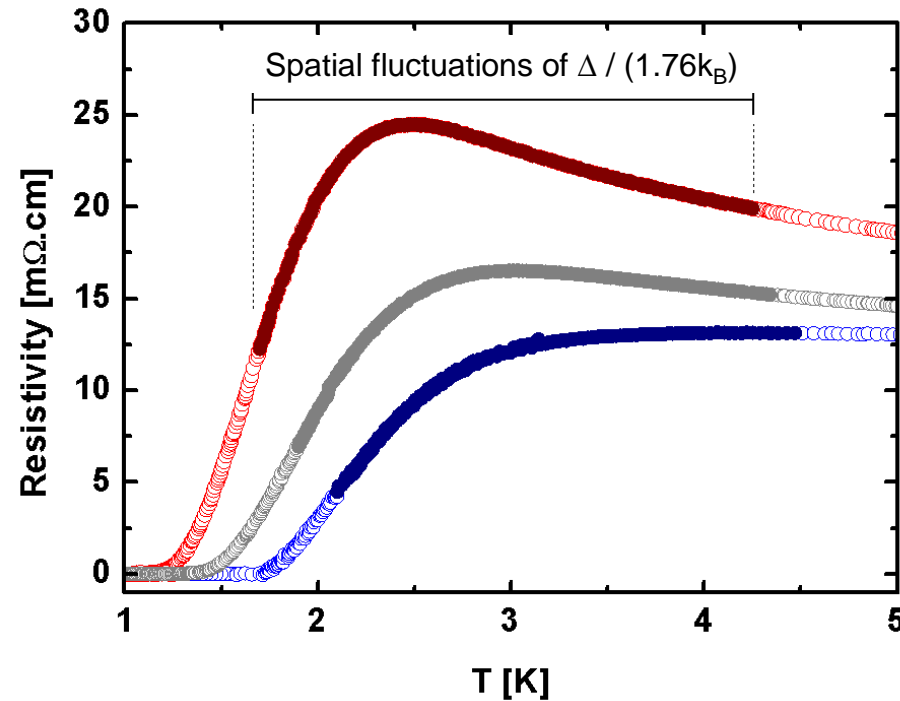


Fluctuations of $\Delta(r)$ and superconducting transition



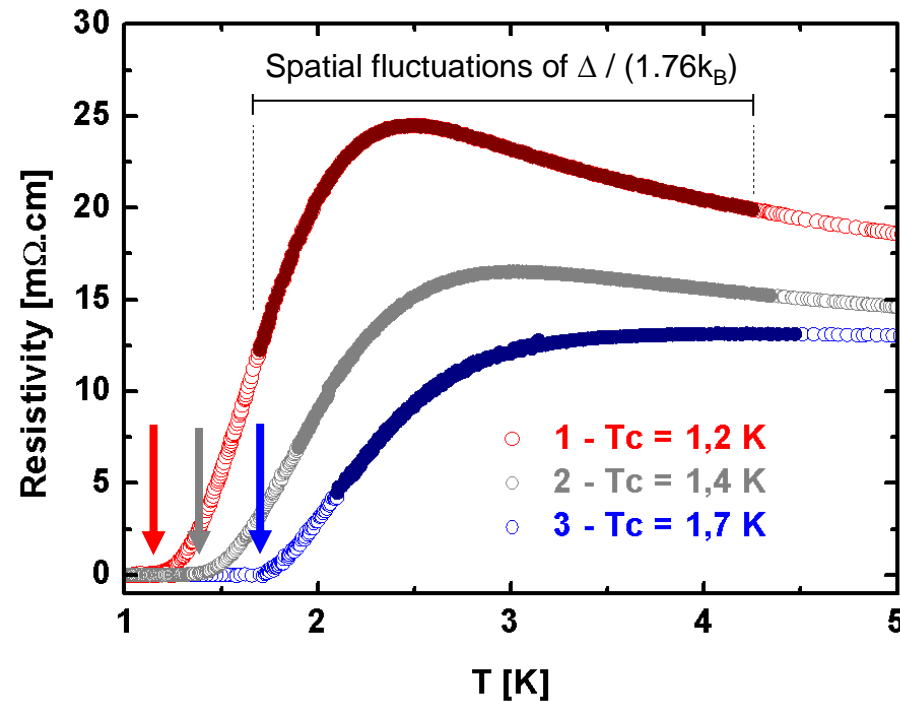
➤ Unusual relation between transport & spectroscopy ?

Fluctuations of $\Delta(r)$ and superconducting transition



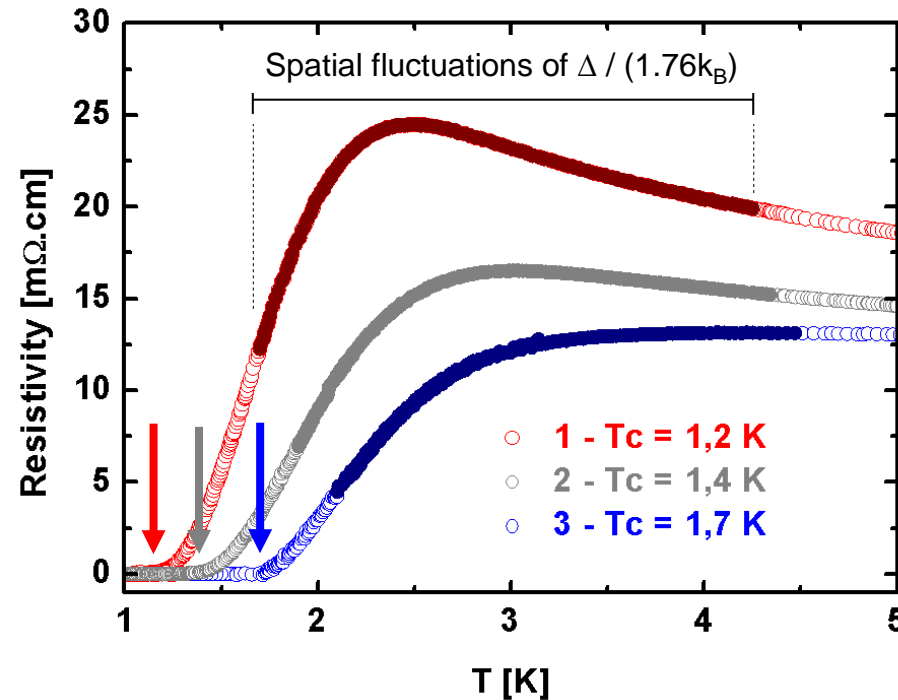
➤ Unusual relation between transport & spectroscopy ?

Fluctuations of $\Delta(r)$ and superconducting transition



- Unusual relation between transport & spectroscopy ?
- Definition of T_c : zero-resistance state (macroscopic coherence)

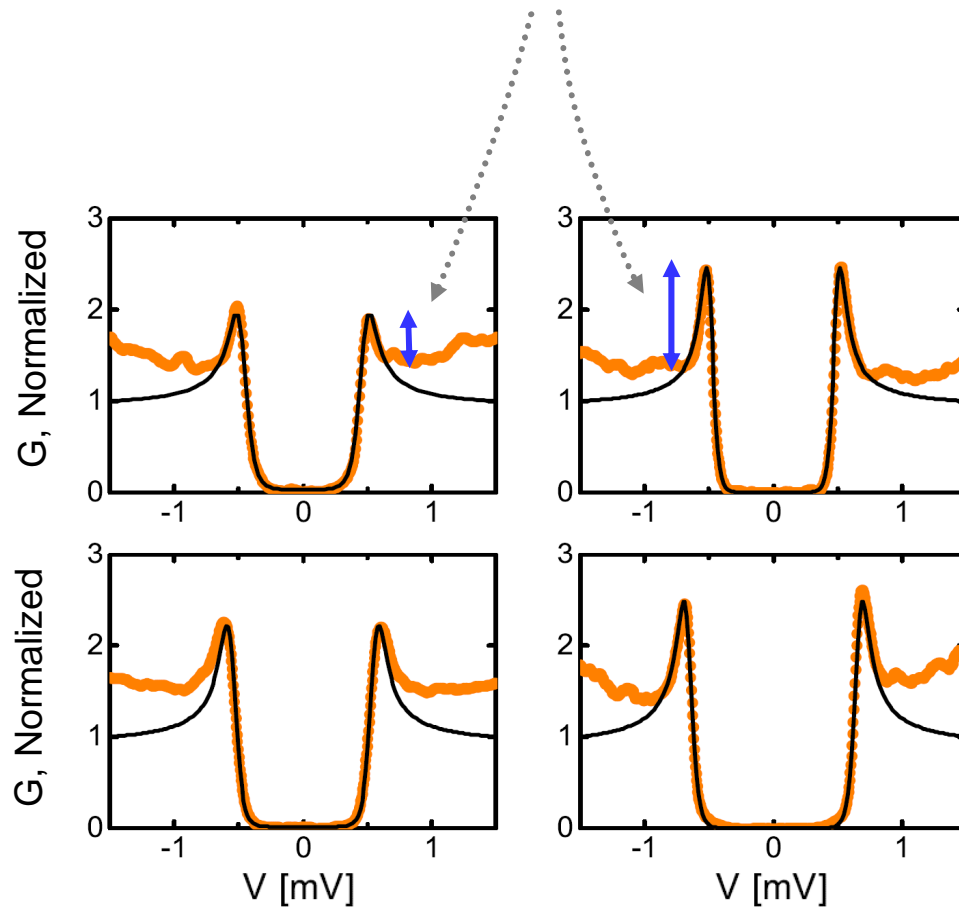
Fluctuations of $\Delta(r)$ and superconducting transition



$$3 \leq \frac{\Delta(r)}{k_B T_C} \leq 5.5$$

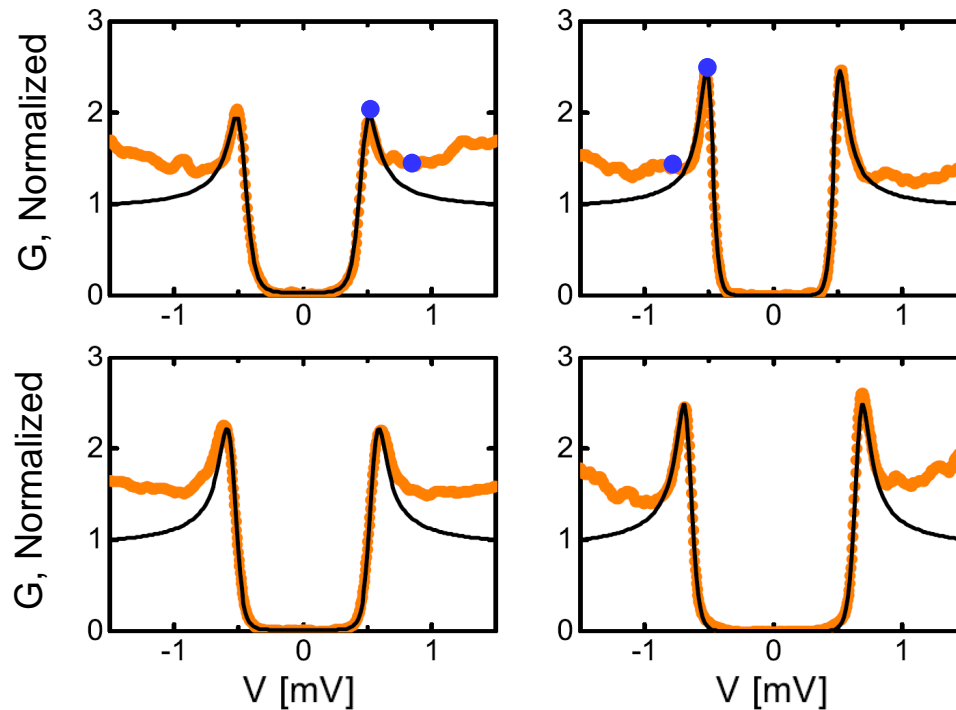
- Unusual relation between transport & spectroscopy ?
- Definition of T_c : zero-resistance state (macroscopic coherence)
- Anomalously large spectral gap

Spatial fluctuations of the coherence peaks height

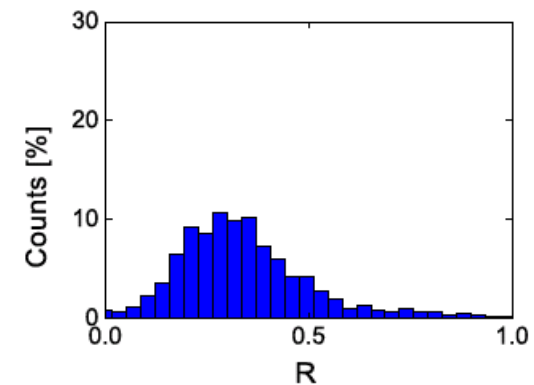


Spatial fluctuations of the coherence peaks height

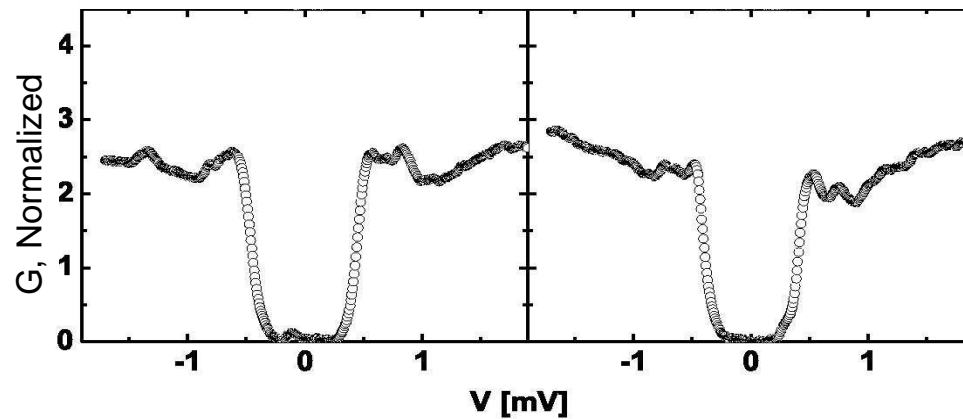
Statistical study



$$R = \frac{G(\Delta) - G(eV > \Delta)}{G(eV > \Delta)}$$

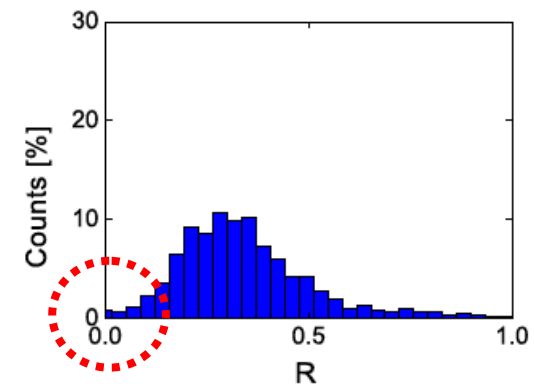


Full spectral gap without coherence peaks



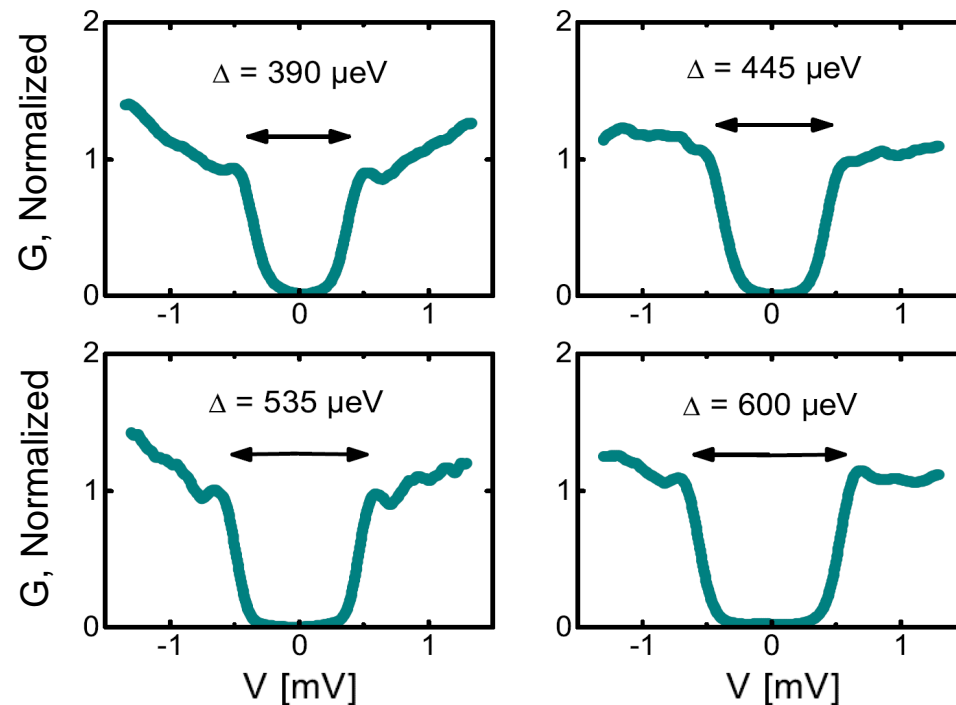
Statistical study

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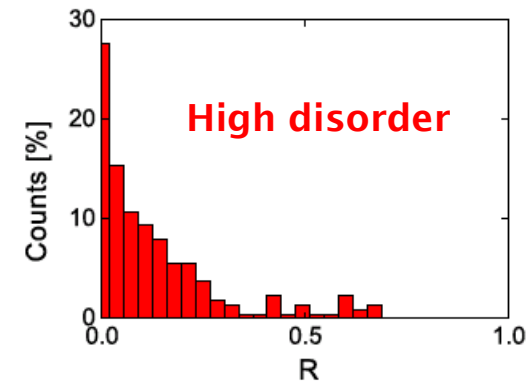


Full spectral gap without coherence peaks

Statistical study

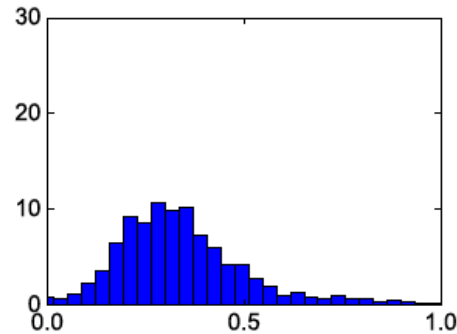
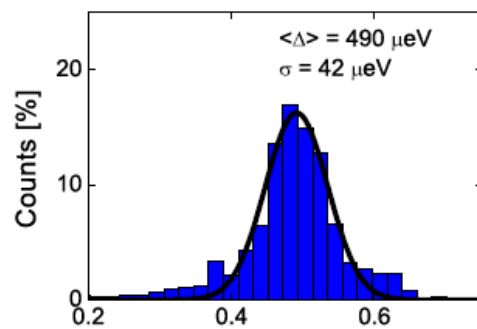


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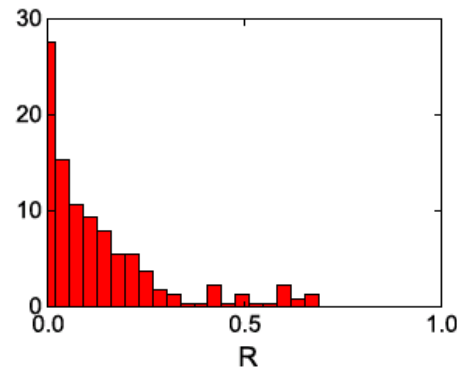
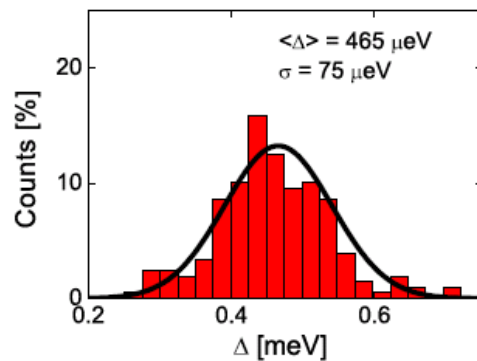
Increase of disorder

$$\frac{\sigma}{\langle \Delta \rangle} \sim 8\%$$



InO#3
 $T_c \sim 1.7 \text{ K}$

$$\frac{\sigma}{\langle \Delta \rangle} \sim 16\%$$



InO#1
 $T_c \sim 1.2 \text{ K}$

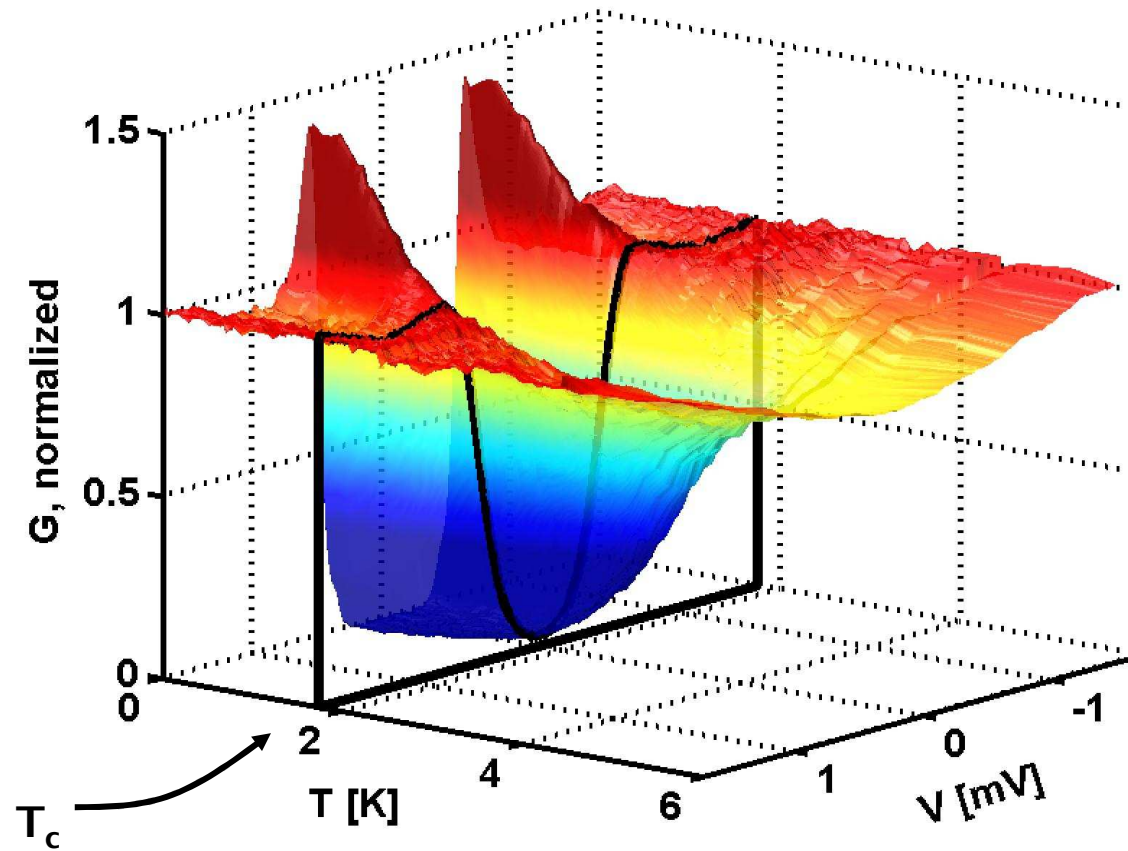
resistivity $\times 2$

➤ Proliferation of spectra without coherence peaks

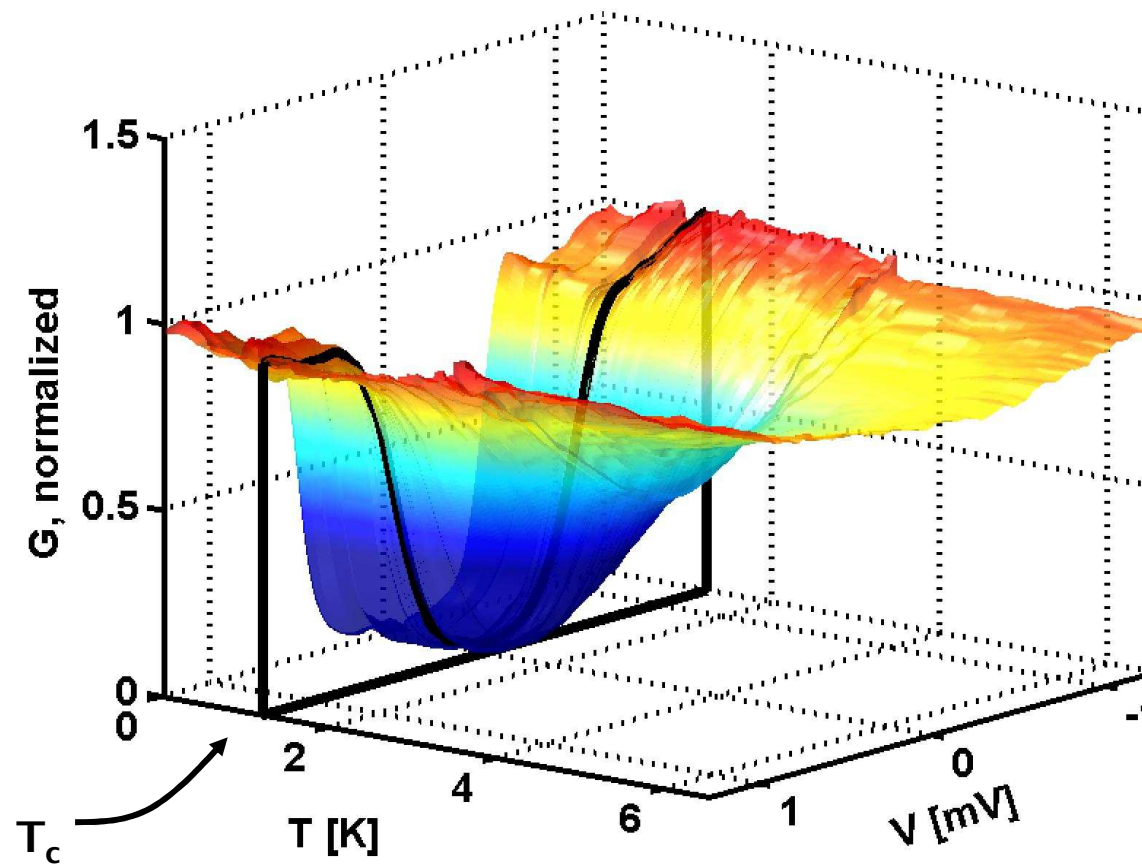
Question:

How are the BCS singularities related to the superconducting phase coherence ?

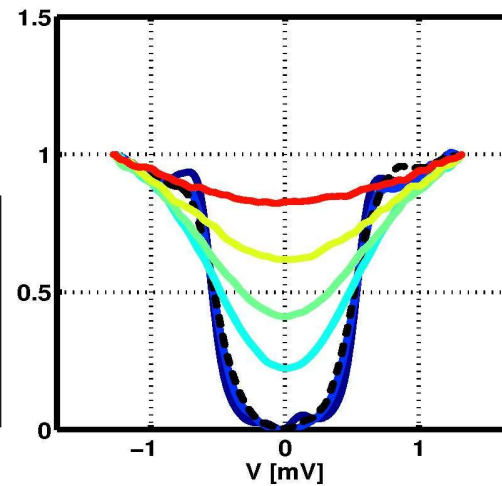
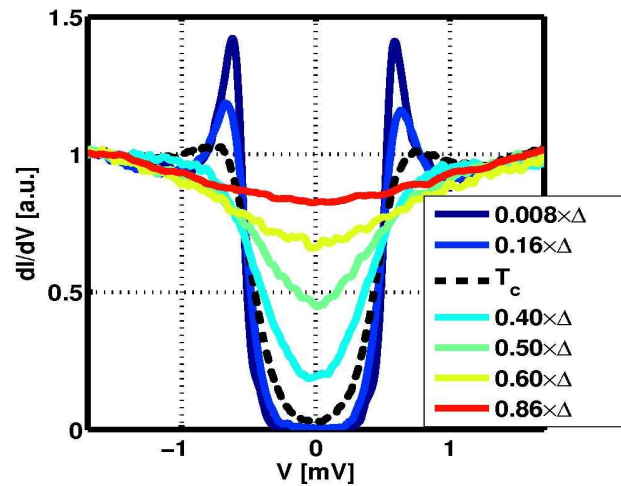
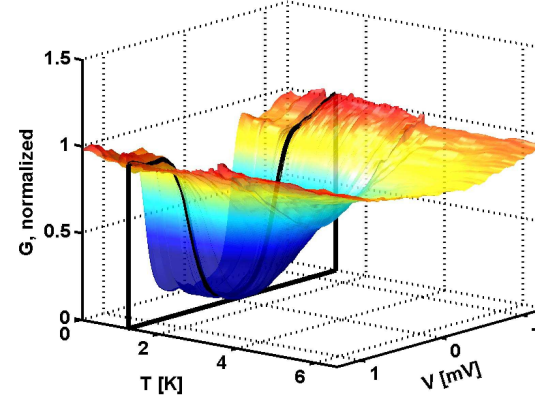
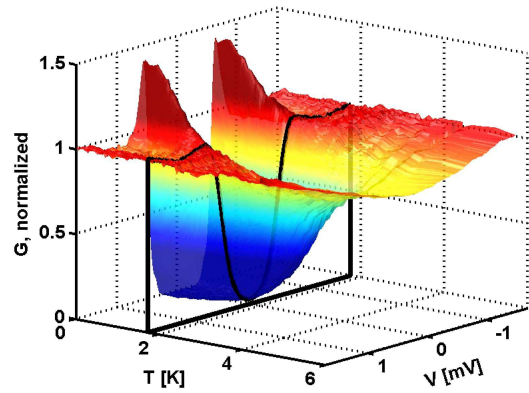
II.2 Pseudogap state above T_c



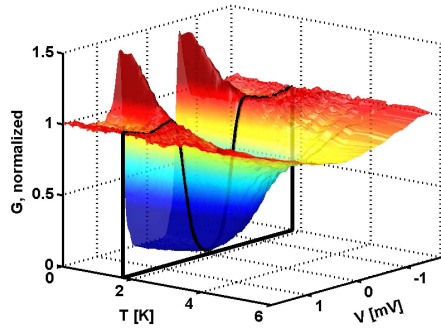
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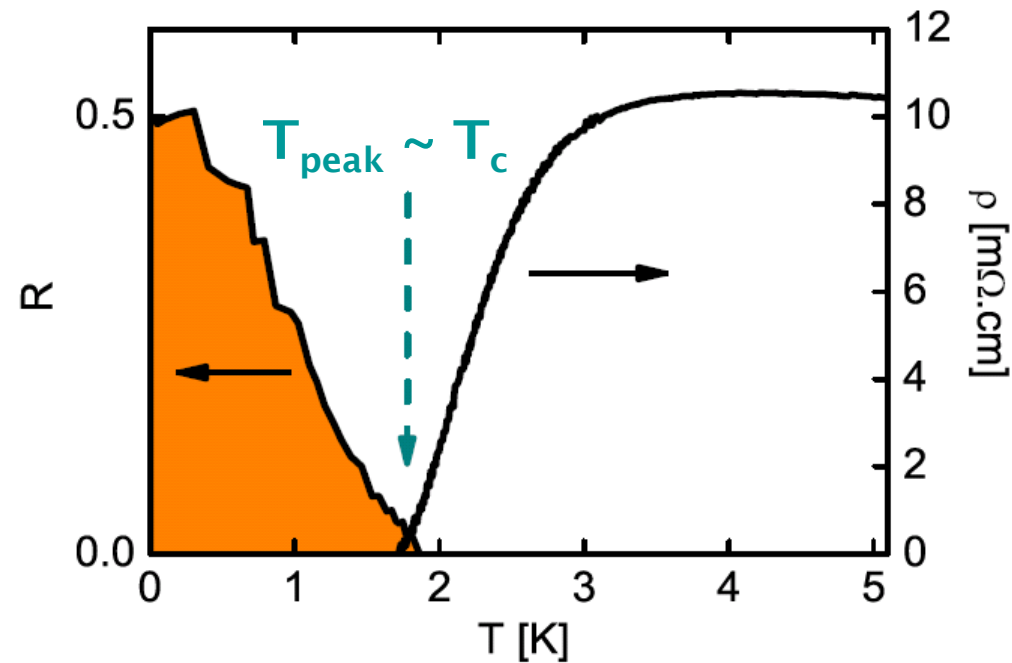
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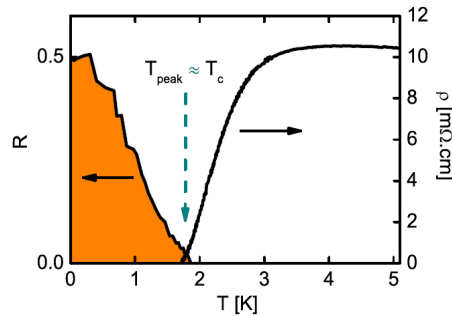


Macroscopic quantum phase coherence probed at a local scale

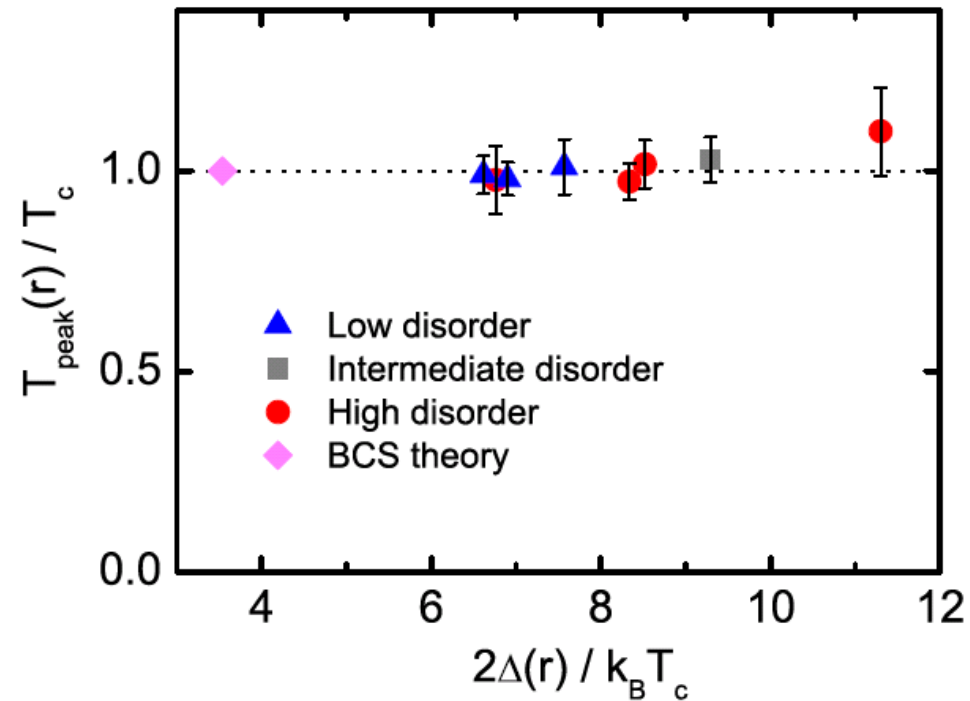


➤ BCS peaks appear along with superconducting phase coherence

II.2 Pseudogap state above T_c

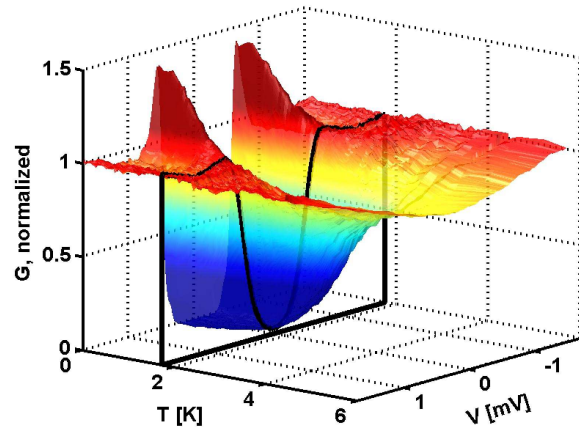


Macroscopic quantum phase coherence probed at a local scale



- Phase coherence signaled at T_c independently of $\Delta(r)$
- Justification of T_c

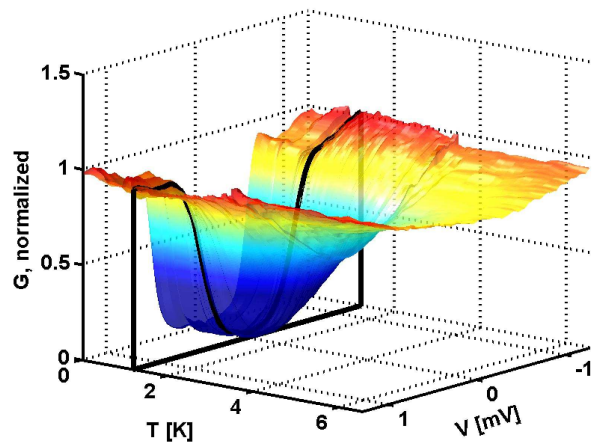
II.3 Proliferation of localized Cooper pairs



- Formation of a pseudogap without BCS peaks at $T > T_c$

⇒ Local pairing without phase coherence at $T > T_c$

⇒ Phase coherence is locked at $T = T_c$



- "Incoherent" gap at 50 mK

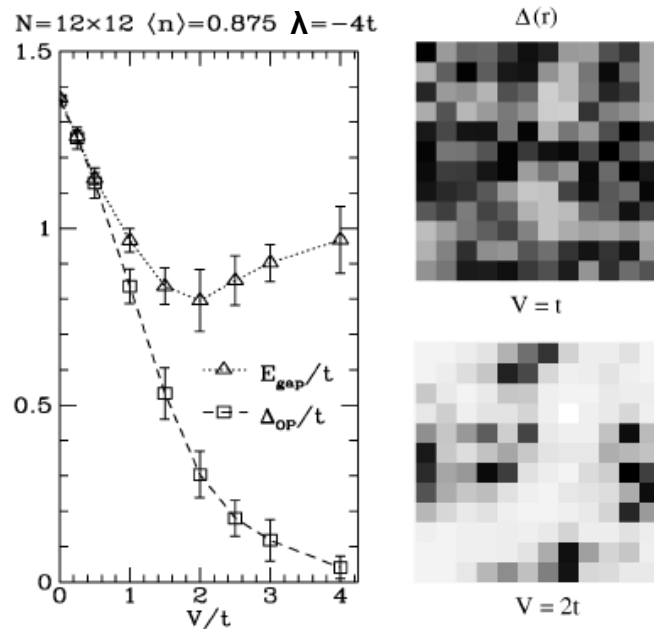
⇒ Local pairing without phase coherence

Spectral signature of localized Cooper pairs

II.3 Proliferation of localized Cooper pairs

Numerical calculations: superconductivity with disorder

A. Ghosal, M. Randeria, N. Trivedi, *PRL* 81, 3940, (1998) & *PRB* 65, 014501 (2001)



Anderson model :

$$H_0 = -t \sum_{\langle i,j \rangle, \sigma} (c_{i\sigma}^+ c_{j\sigma} + h.c.) + \sum_{i, \sigma} (V_i - \mu) n_{i, \sigma}$$

Hopping parameter : t

On-site disorder : V_i

Attractive interaction λ :

$$H_{\text{int}} = -\lambda \sum_i n_{i\uparrow} n_{i\downarrow}$$

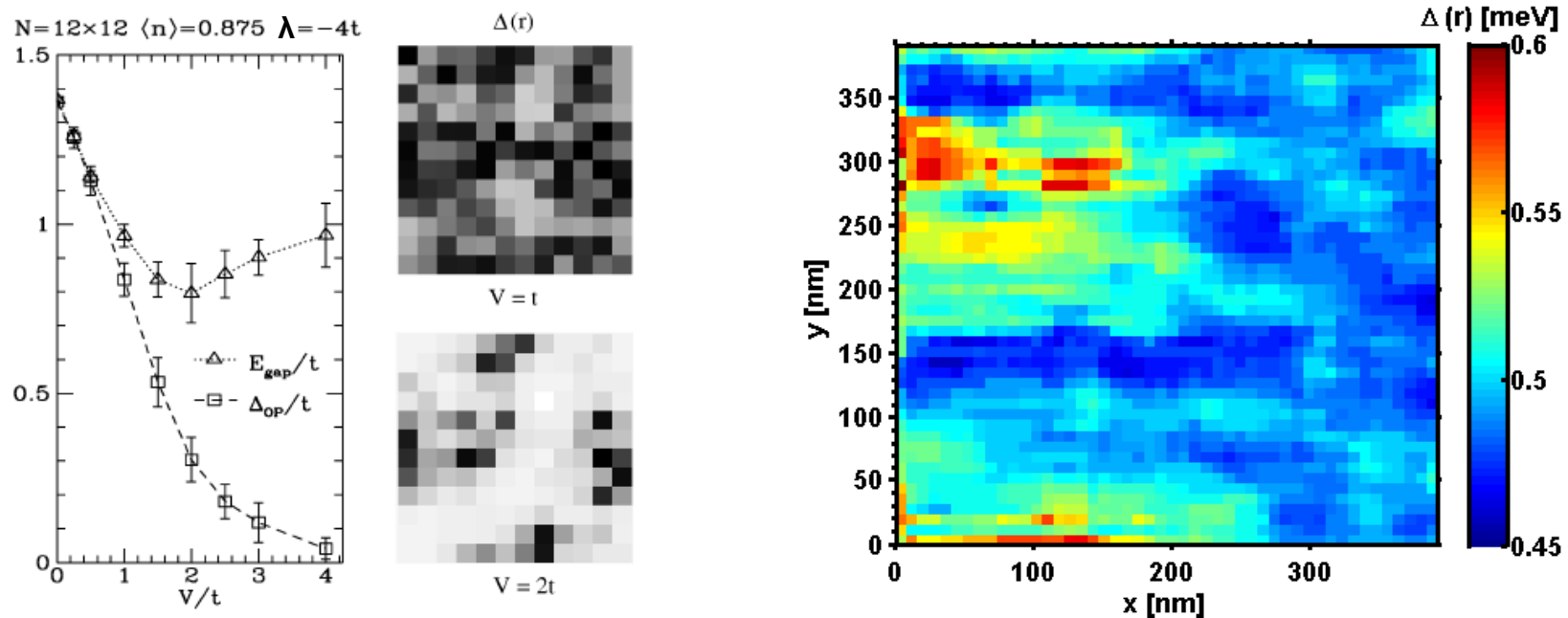
With increasing disorder:

- Superconductivity becomes « **granular-like** »
- Spectral gap is **not** the SC order parameter

II.3 Proliferation of localized Cooper pairs

Numerical calculations: superconductivity with disorder

A. Ghosal, M. Randeria, N. Trivedi, *PRL* 81, 3940, (1998) & *PRB* 65, 014501 (2001)



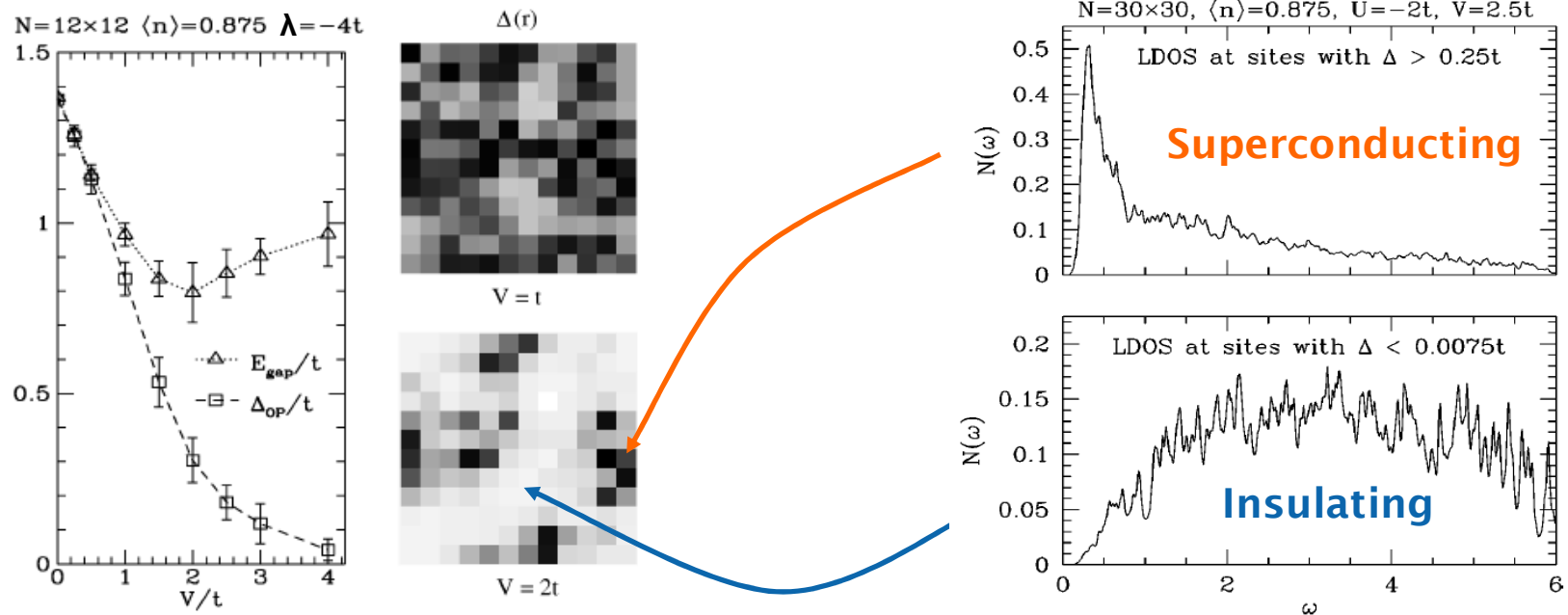
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II.3 Proliferation of localized Cooper pairs

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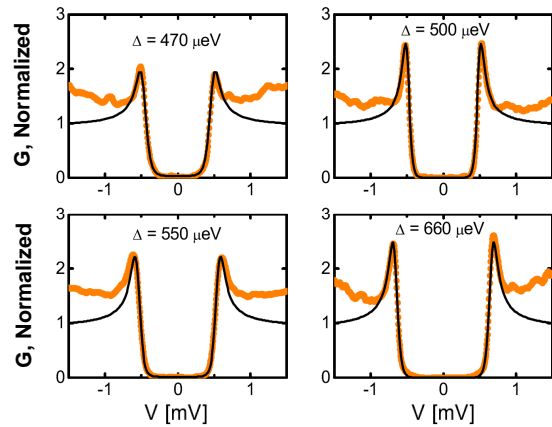
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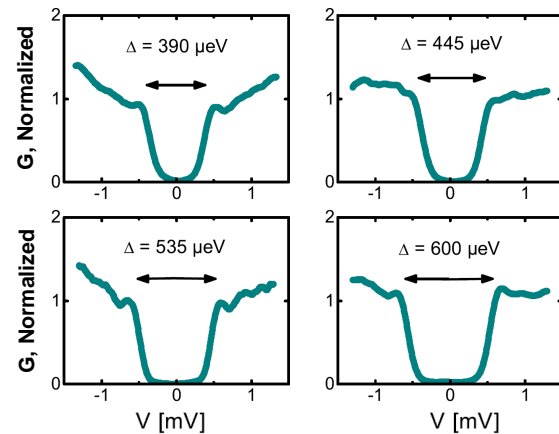
With increasing disorder:

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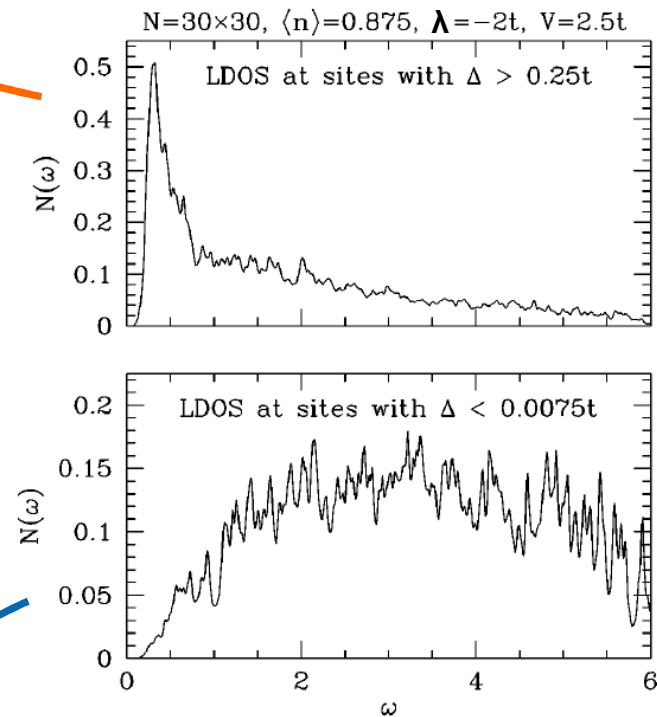
II.3 Proliferation of localized Cooper pairs



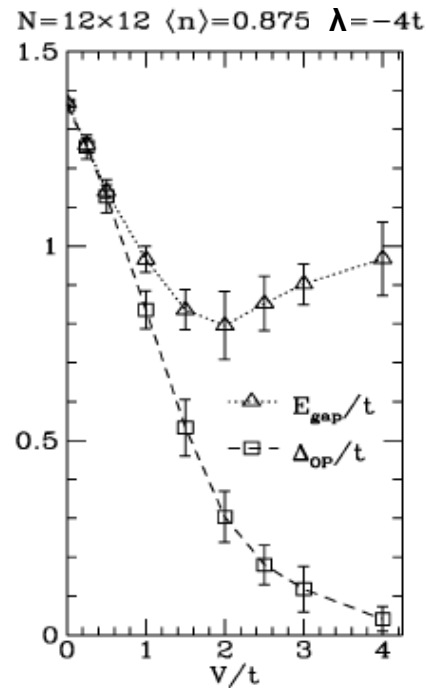
Superconducting gap Δ
 \Rightarrow delocalized Cooper pairs



« Insulating » gap E_{gap}
 \Rightarrow Localized Cooper pairs

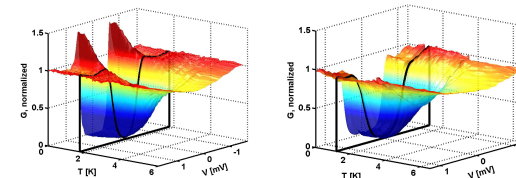


II.3 Proliferation of localized Cooper pairs



➤ Why spectral gap & SC order parameter are different ?

➤ How to explain pseudogap regime ?



I. Experimental techniques

II. Localized Cooper pairs in a-InO_x

III. Coherence energy in a-InO_x

Fractal Superconductivity near Anderson transition

M. Feigel'man *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **98**, 027001, (2007)
M. Feigel'man *et al.*, *Ann. Phys.* **325**, 1390 (2010)

BCS model built on fractal eigenfunctions of the Anderson problem

$$\Rightarrow E_{\text{gap}} = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$$

- Δ_p “parity gap”: pairing of 2 electrons in localized wave functions
- Δ_{BCS} “BCS gap”: long-range SC order between localized pairs

Fractal Superconductivity near Anderson transition

M. Feigel'man *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **98**, 027001, (2007)
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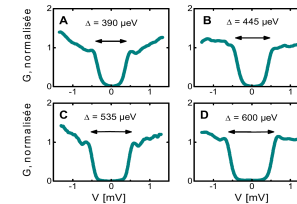
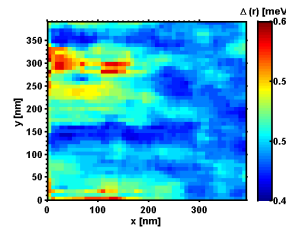
BCS model built on fractal eigenfunctions of the Anderson problem

⇒ $E_{\text{gap}} = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$

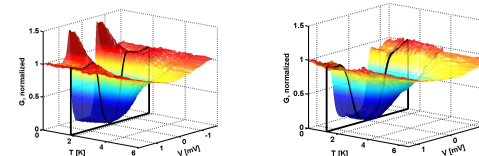
- Δ_p “parity gap”: pairing of 2 electrons in localized wave functions
- Δ_{BCS} “BCS gap”: long-range SC order between localized pairs

Predictions :

- Spatial fluctuations of Δ_p
- Δ_p : “rectangular-shaped” gap at $T \ll T_c$
- Δ_p : anomalously large spectral gap
- Δ_p : pseudogap regime above T_c



$$6 \leq \frac{2E_{\text{gap}}(r)}{k_B T_c} \leq 11$$



How to measure the SC order parameter ?

- Tunneling spectroscopy
(single-particle DOS)
Tunnel barrier

$$E_{\text{gap}} = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$$

“parity gap” ← → “BCS gap”

- Point-contact spectroscopy
(Andreev reflection = transfer of pairs)
Transparent interface

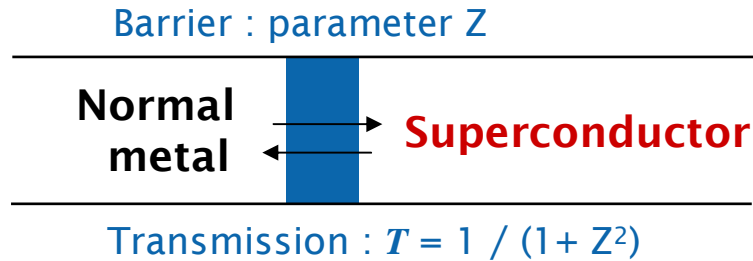
$$E_{\text{gap}} = \cancel{\Delta_p} + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$$

→ “BCS gap”

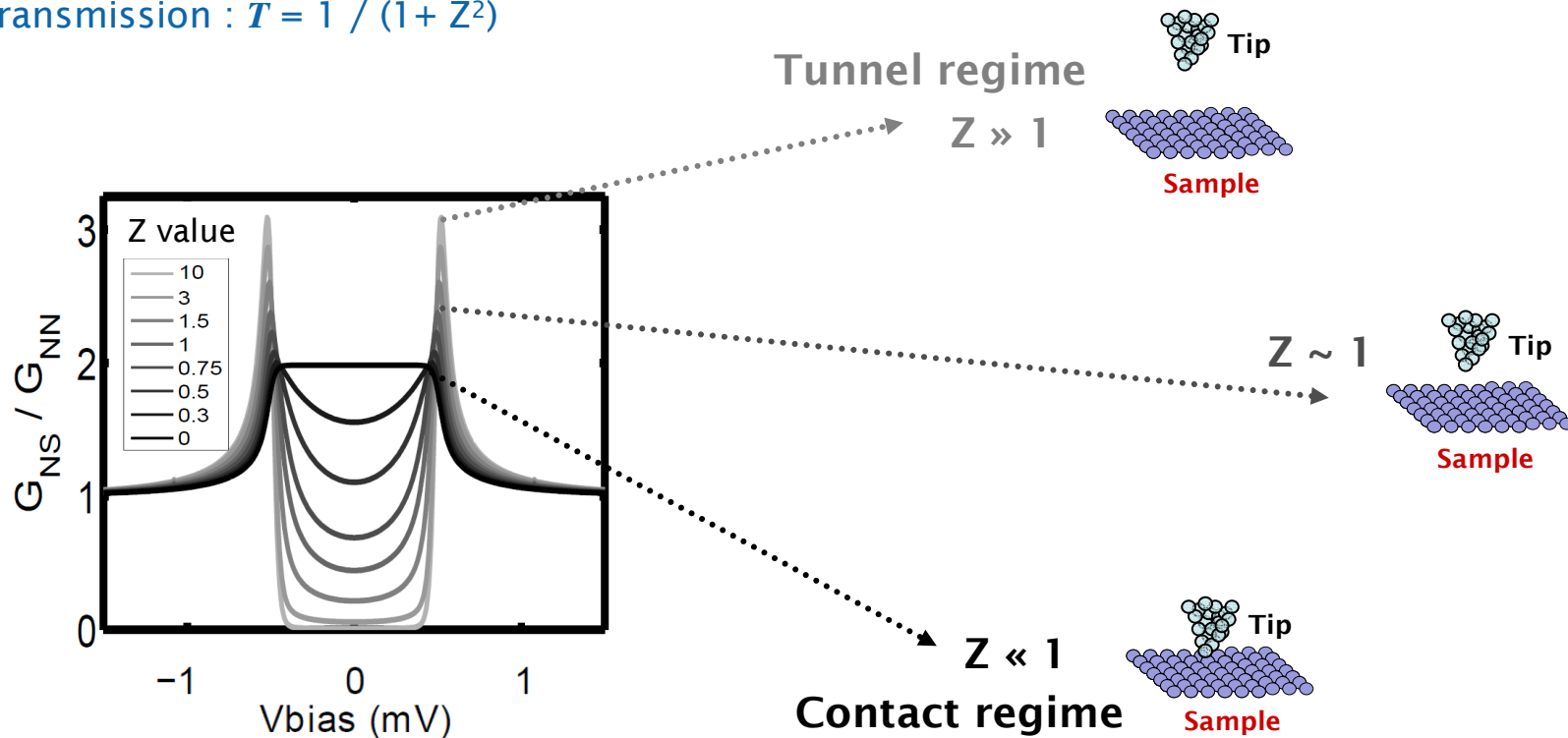
I.3 Point-Contact Andreev Spectroscopy

Conductance of a N/S contact

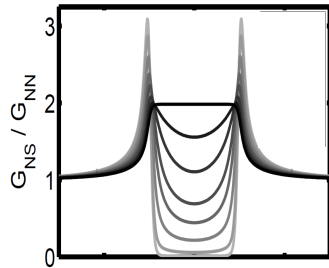
Blonder, G. E., Tinkham, M., and Klapwijk T.M. *Phys. Rev. B* 25, 7 4515 (1982)



- Single-particle transfers $\sim T$
- Two-particles transfers $\sim T^2$



III.1 Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence

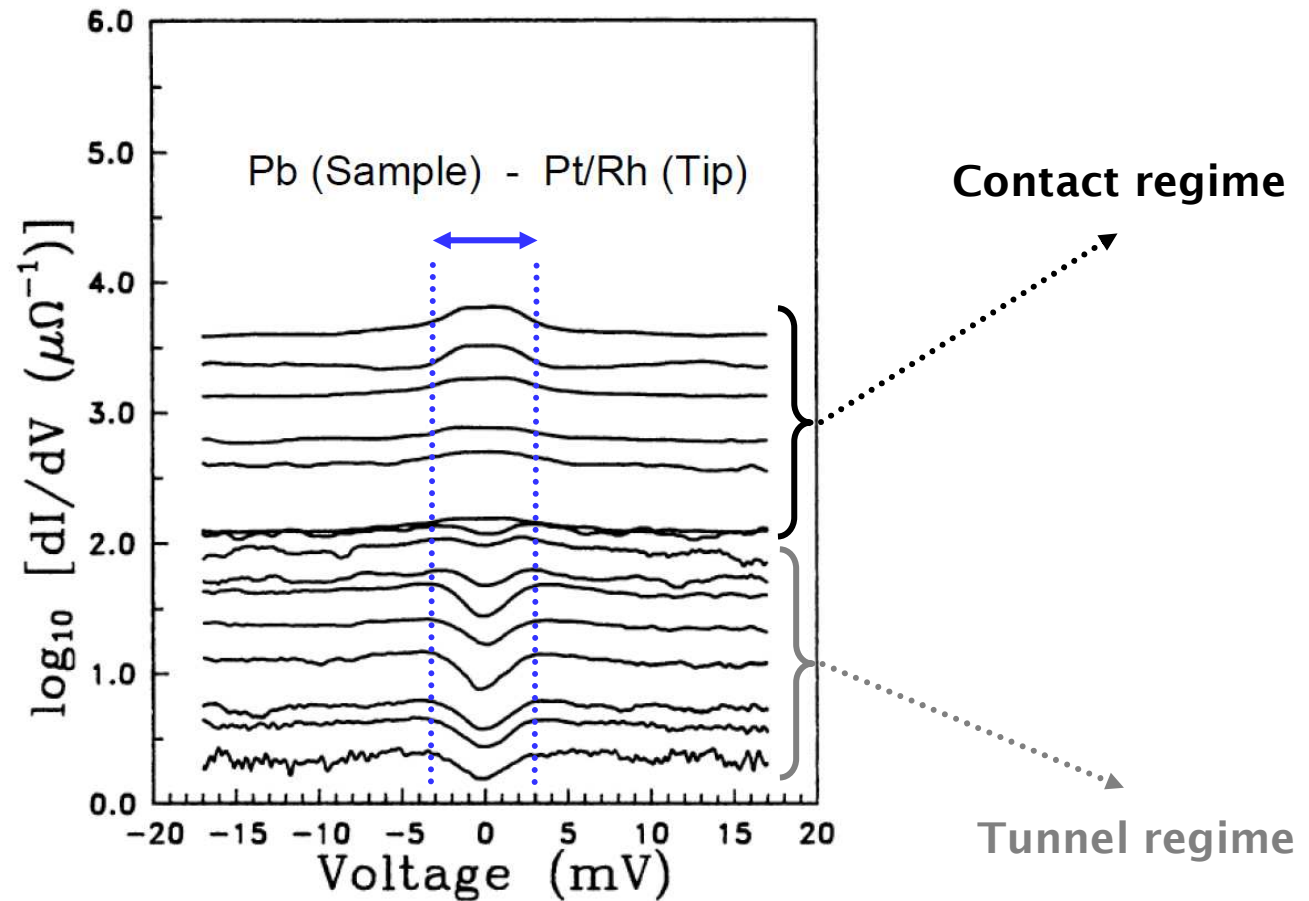


Control parameter:

Contact resistance

$$R_c = V_{\text{Bias}} / I_t$$

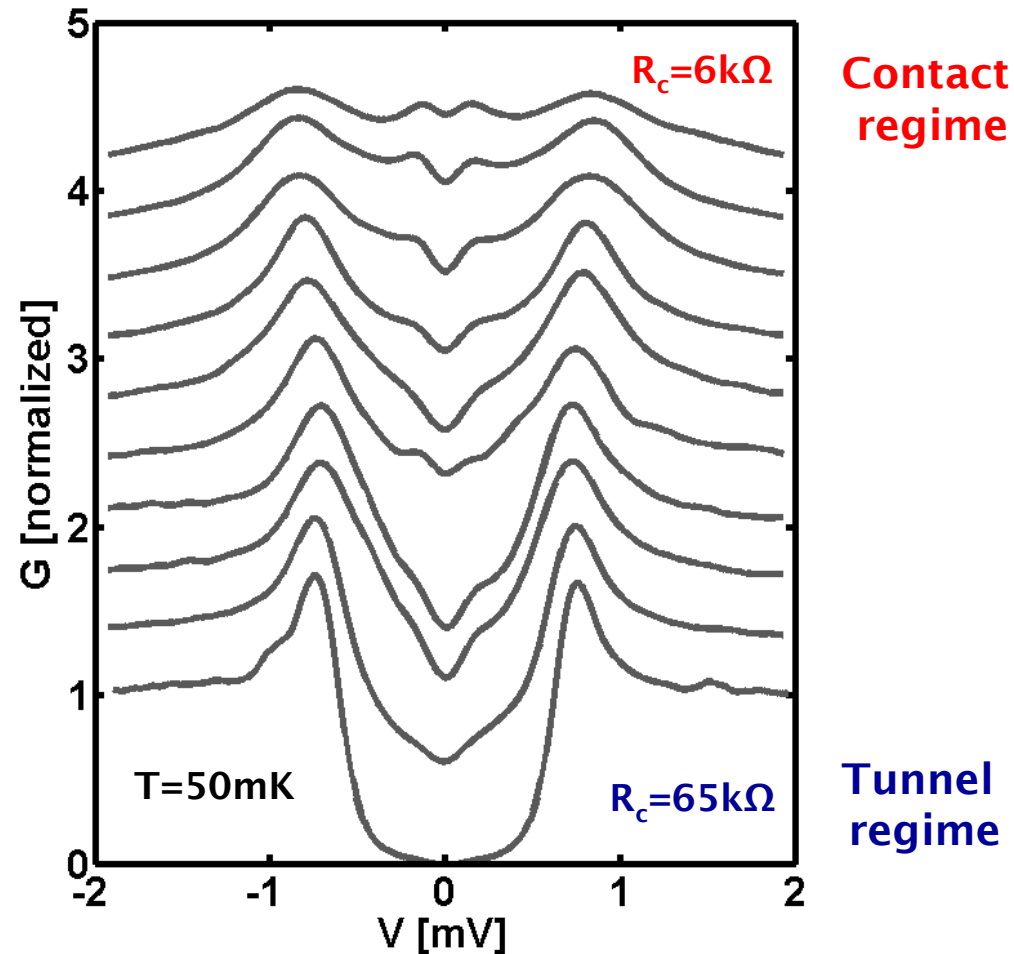
From tunnel to contact regime



Agrait, N. *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. B* 46, 9 5814 (1992)

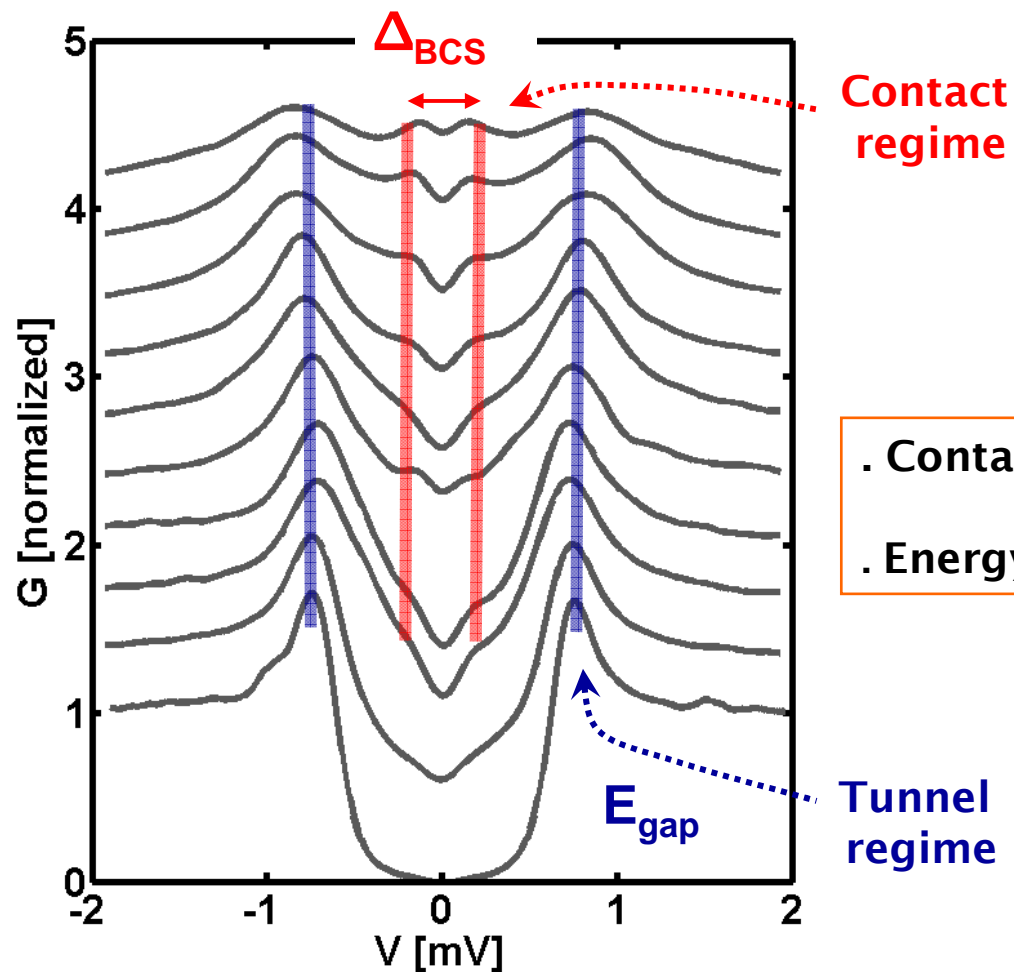
III.1 Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence

From tunnel to contact in a-InOx



III.1 Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence

From tunnel to contact in a-InOx

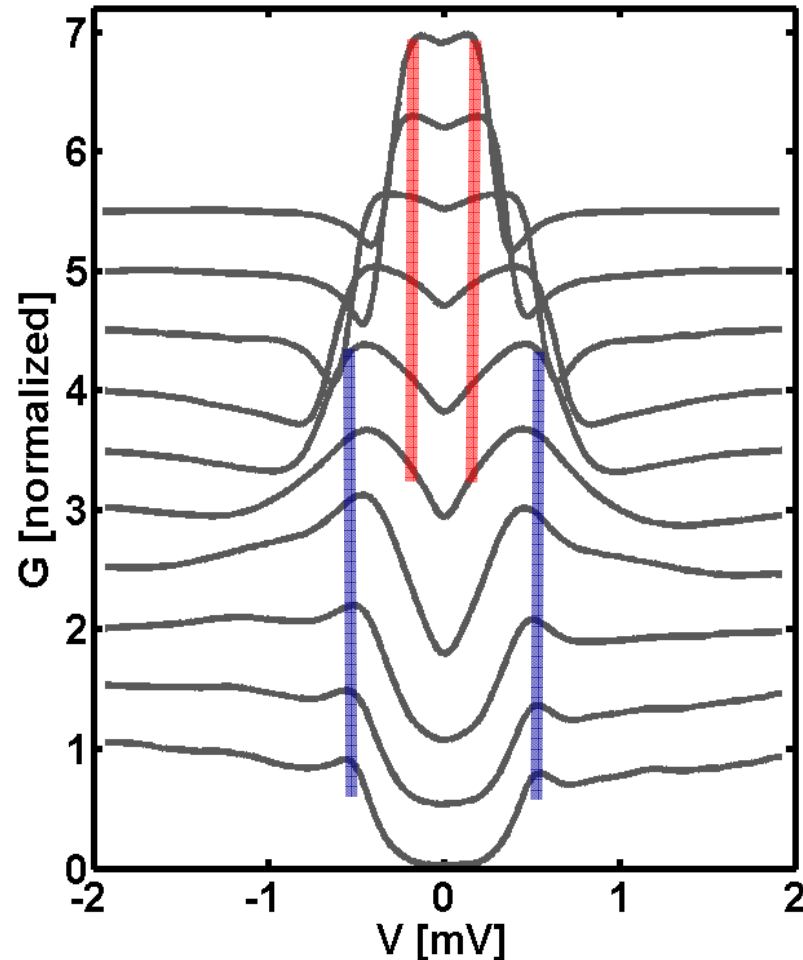


$$E_{\text{gap}} = \Delta_{\text{p}} + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$$

- . Contact: additional peaks at $eV \approx \pm 200 \mu\text{eV}$
- . Energy scale Δ_{BCS} independent of R_{c}

III.1 Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence

From tunnel to contact in a-InOx



Contact regime

$$E_{\text{gap}} = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$$

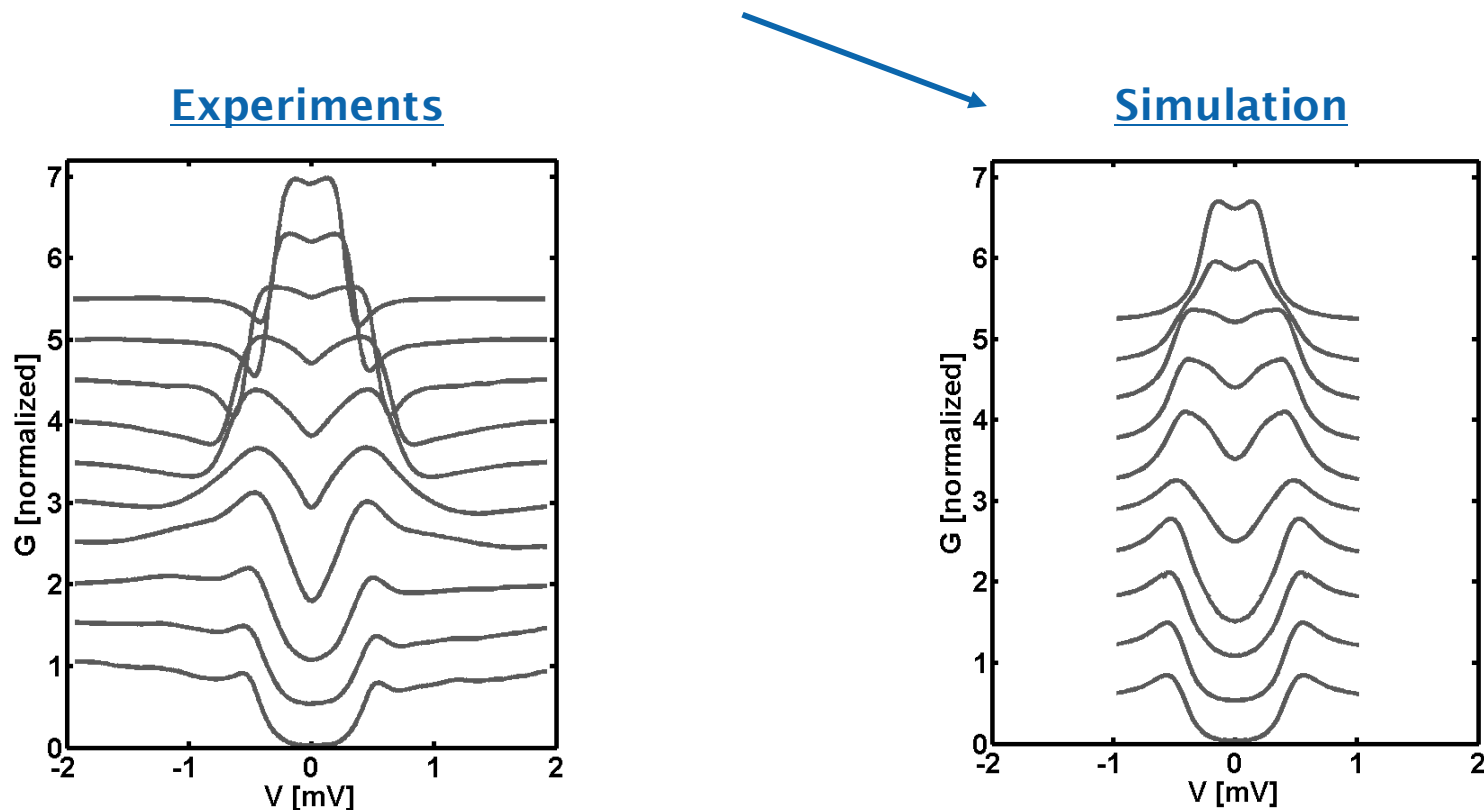
2-particles signal at $eV = \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$
mixed with
1-particle signal at $eV = E_{\text{gap}}$
⇒ V-shaped $G(V)$ curves

Tunnel regime

III.1 Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence

From tunnel to contact in a-InOx

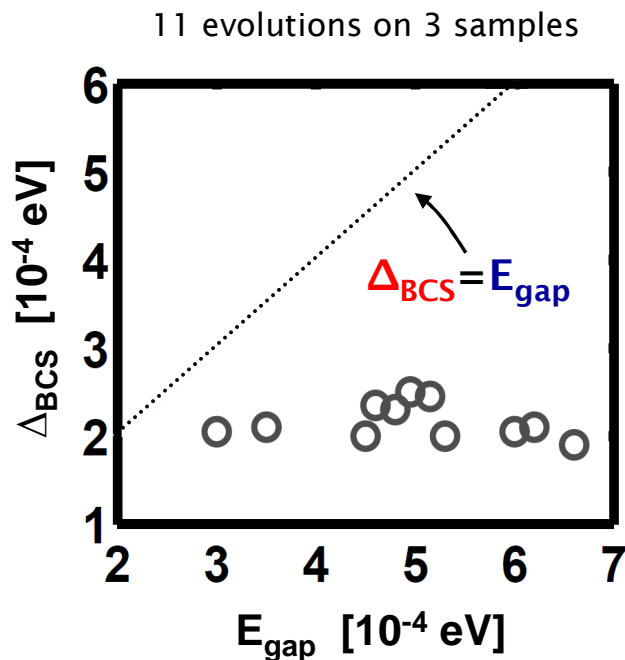
- BTK-model with 2 contributions: E_{gap} & Δ_{BCS}
- With decreasing R_c : relative weight shifted from E_{gap} to Δ_{BCS}



III.1 Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence

Two distinct energy scales in a-InO_x

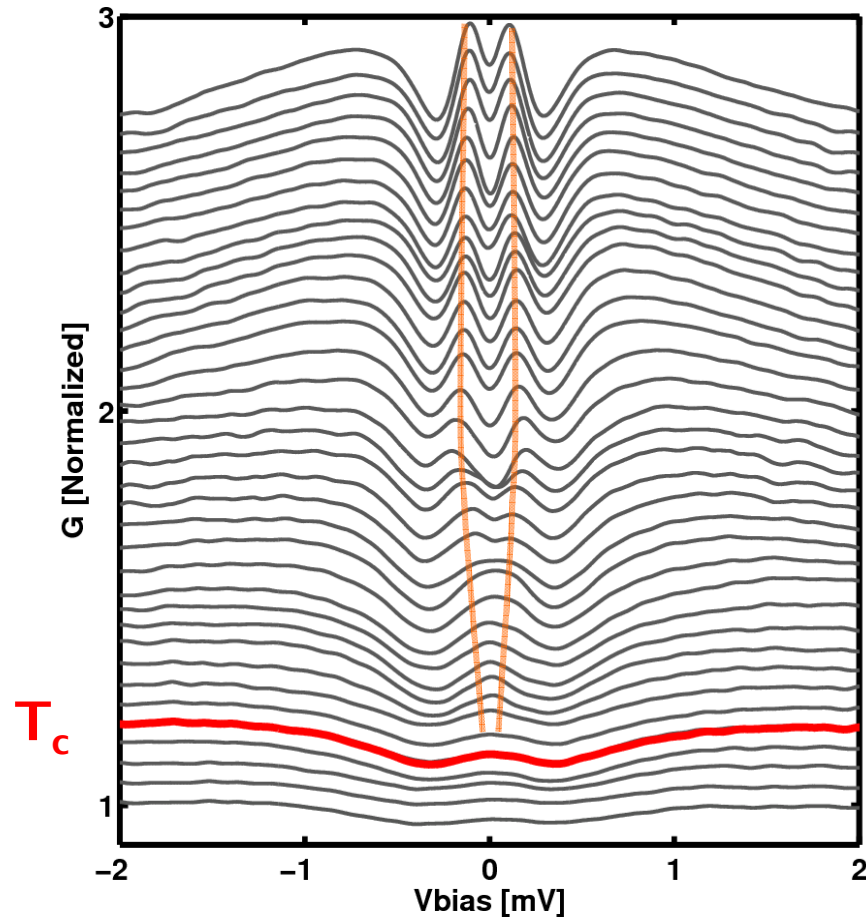
$$E_{\text{gap}}(\mathbf{r}) = \Delta_{\text{p}}(\mathbf{r}) + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}$$



- Δ_{BCS} probed by AR remains uniform
- E_{gap} probed by STS fluctuates

➤ Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence in disordered a-InO_x

T-evolution of Andreev signal

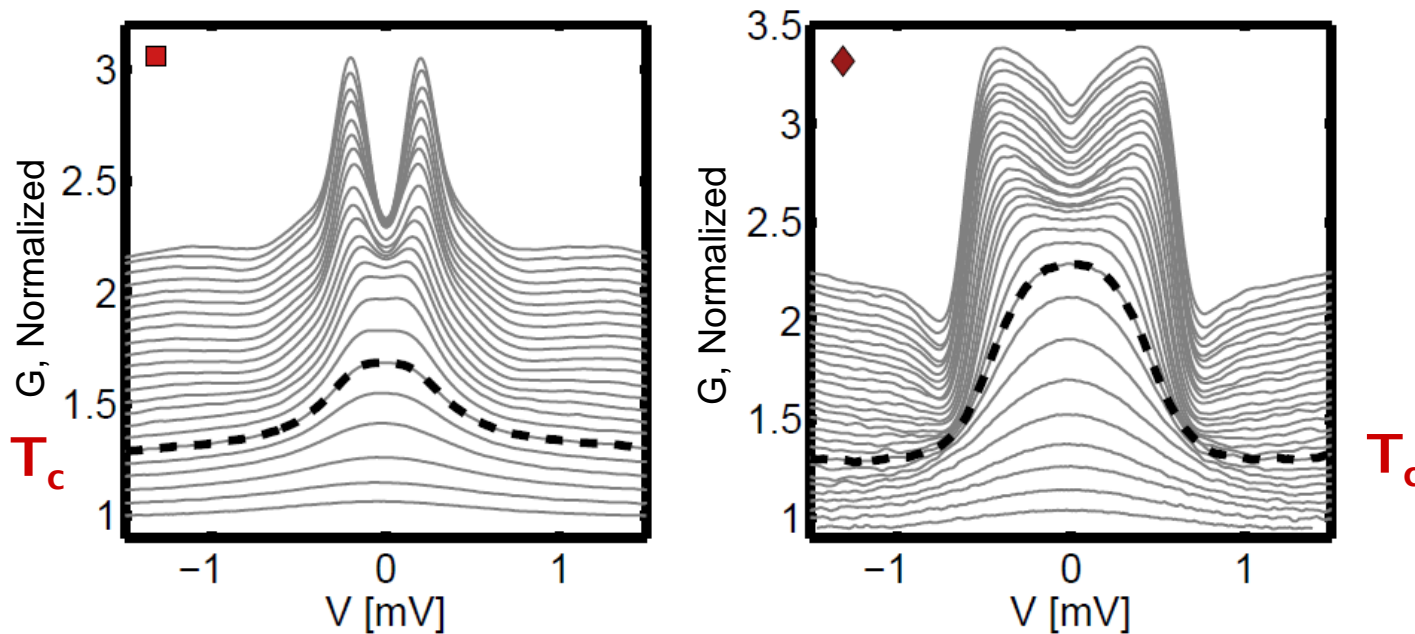


$$E_{\text{gap}}(T) = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}(T)$$

- Δ_{BCS} evolves between 0 and $\sim T_c$
- E_{gap} evolves between 0 and $\sim 3-4T_c$

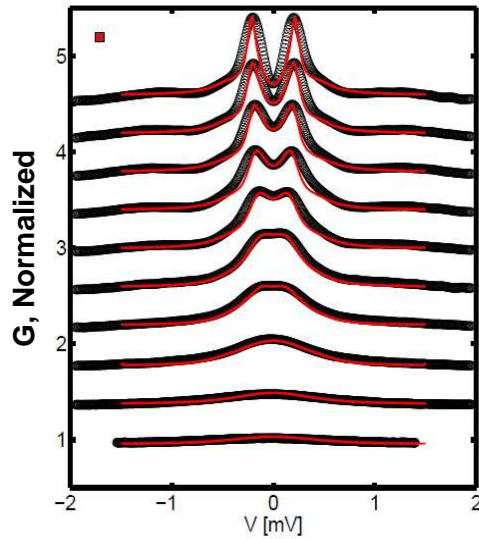
➤ Δ_{BCS} : local signature of SC phase coherence

T-evolution of Andreev signal



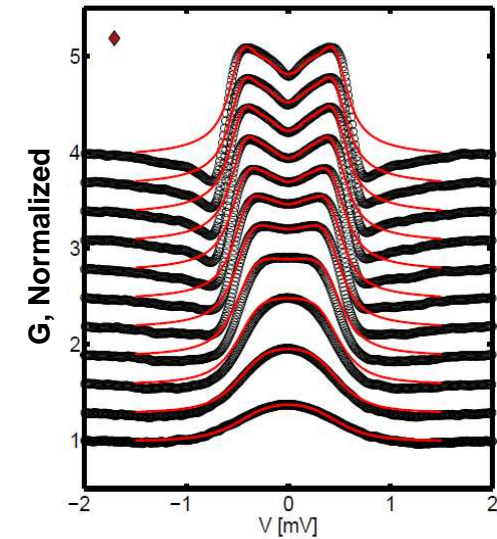
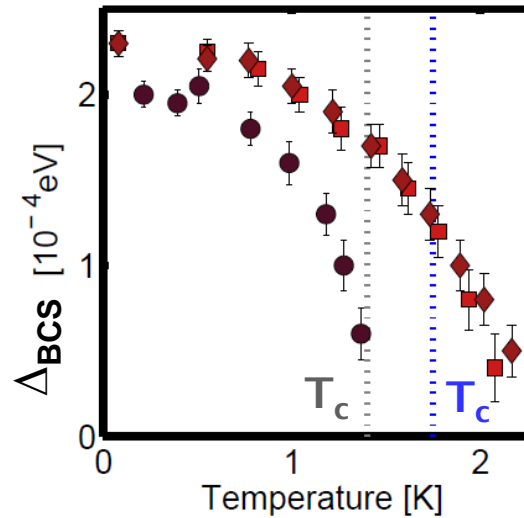
➤ Locally: Andreev signal detected between T_c and $\sim 1.3T_c$

T-evolution of Andreev signal



BTK-model with :

$$E_{\text{gap}}(T) = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}(T)$$



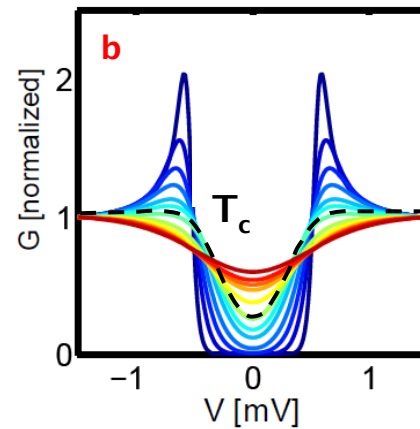
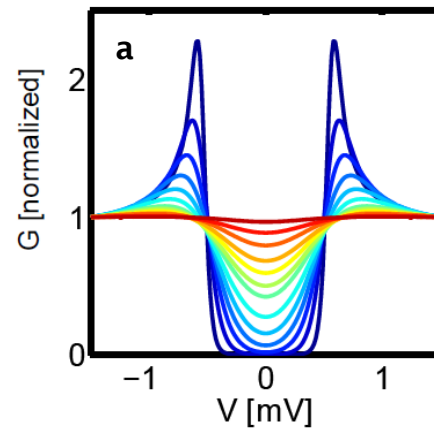
➤ Δ_{BCS} remains finite between T_c and $\sim 1.3T_c$ (preformed pairs)

III.2 Andreev signal : evolution with T

Link between tunnel & contact measurements

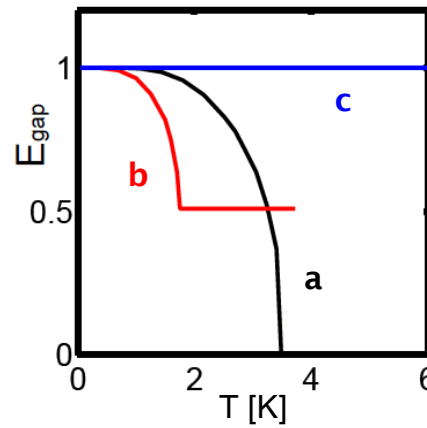
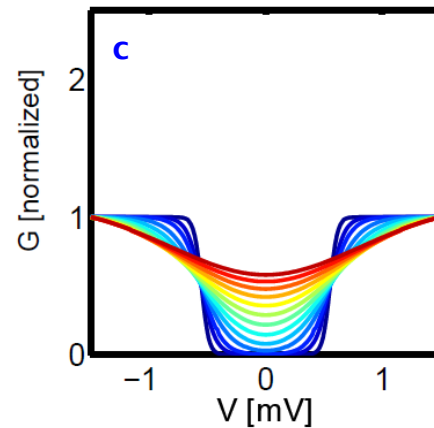
Simulations of tunneling conductance with : $E_{\text{gap}}(T) = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}(T)$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{gap}} &= 550 \mu\text{eV} \\ \Delta_p &= 0 \mu\text{eV} \\ \Delta_{\text{BCS}} &= 550 \mu\text{eV} \end{aligned}$$



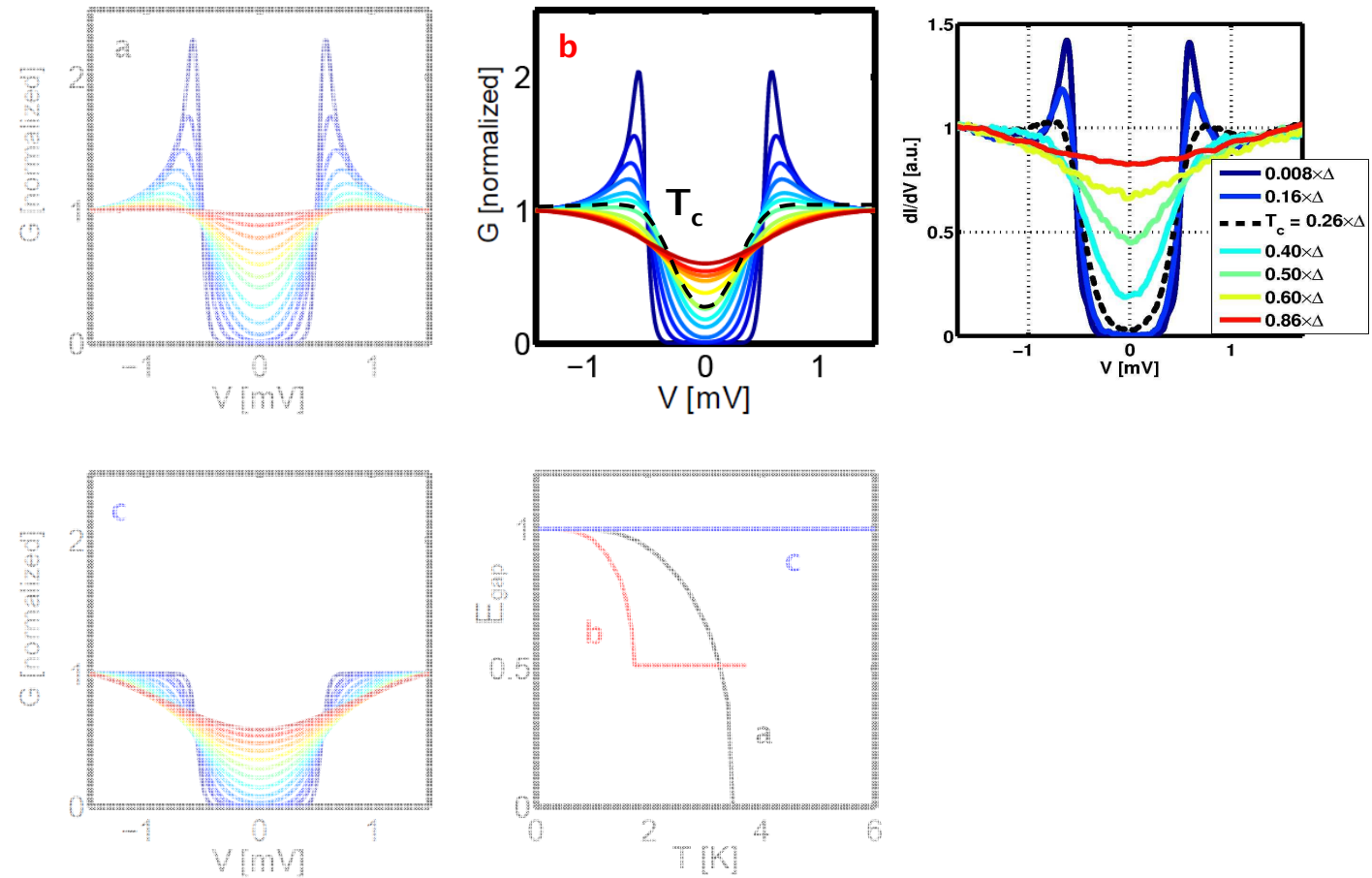
$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{gap}} &= 550 \mu\text{eV} \\ \Delta_p &= 280 \mu\text{eV} \\ \Delta_{\text{BCS}} &= 270 \mu\text{eV} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{gap}} &= 550 \mu\text{eV} \\ \Delta_p &= 550 \mu\text{eV} \\ \Delta_{\text{BCS}} &= 0 \mu\text{eV} \end{aligned}$$



Link between tunnel & contact measurements

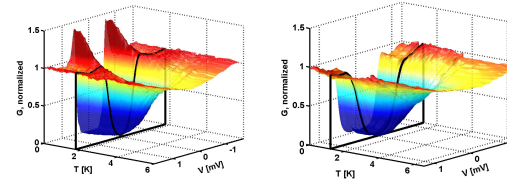
Simulations of tunneling conductance with : $E_{\text{gap}}(T) = \Delta_p + \Delta_{\text{BCS}}(T)$



Localization of Cooper pairs

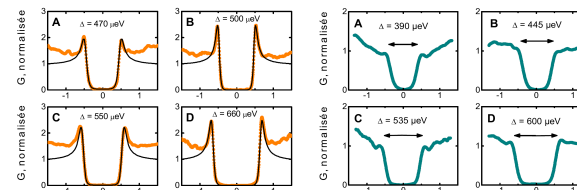
- **Preformed Cooper-Pairs above T_c**

Pseudogap in the DOS between T_c and $\sim 3-4 T_c$



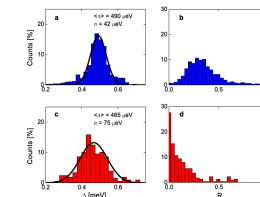
- **“Partial” condensation of pairs below T_c**

Rectangular spectra at 50mK = localized Cooper pairs



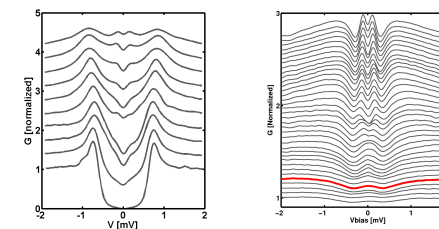
- **SIT occurs through the localization of Cooper-pairs**

Gap in the DOS remains & coherence peaks disappear



- **Distinct energy scales for pairing and coherence**

STS measures E_{gap} and Andreev reflection measures Δ_{BCS}



Thank you for your attention !